FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
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3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24 31	25	26	27	28	29	30

Port Almanac—May 9.

Sun Rises	5.00 A M
Sun Sets	6.58 P M
Day's Length	13 h 58 m
High Water at Southport	5.12 P M
High Water at Wilmington	6.55 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 9.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 50°; 8 p. m., 64°; maximum, 73°; minimum, 44°; mean 58°;

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.97.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Generally fair possibly showers on the coast; easterly winds.

The temperature continues high in the central valleys and it has been warmer throughout the Lake region. Cool east to south winds continue on the Atlantic coast, but it is still slightly warmer in New England and New York.

The barometer has fallen slowly in the St. Lawrence valley, New England and the Middle Atlantic States.

The weather will continue generally fair and warm throughout the central valleys and the Lake regions, and it will be generally fair and slightly warmer on the Atlantic coast.

OUTLINES.

The three boys who wrecked a train near Rome, N. Y., were found guilty; one of them was sentenced to life imprisonment and the other two to forty years each. —— The Southern Baptist Association met in Chattanooga, Tenn., yesterday; over 3,000 visiting Baptists are present as delegates and spectators; Judge Jonathan Haralson, of Alabama, was re-elected President without opposition. ——Irving Ford, negro, has confessed to the murder of Elsie Kreglo, at Washington, D. C. —— The woman suffrage question came up in the South Carolina Diocesan Convention on a motion to strike out the word "male" in the canon providing for the election of vestrymen, wardens, etc.; the clergymen favored the motion and the laymen opposed it. —— Fred. Gilbert, of Iowa, at the clay-pigeon tournament at Guttenberg, N. J., won the title of "Champion Target Shot of America." —— The trial of the men captured on the schooner Competitor commenced in Havana yesterday before a court-martial; the findings of the court will be submitted to the Government at Madrid for approval; a letter was read in court from the American Consul General protesting against the trial. —— Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call firm at 2½@4 per cent.; last loan at 3 and closing offered at 3 per cent.; cotton weak; middling gulf 8 9-16c; middling uplands 8 5-16c; Southern flour easy and unchanged; common to extra fair $3.40@3.00; good to choice $3.00@3.30; wheat—spot dull and easier; corn—spot dull but steady to ¼c lower; No. 2 at elevator 35⅝c; afloat 36⅜c; spirits turpentine nominal at 27½@27¾c; rosin dull and easy; strained common to good $1.90@1.95.

The Trusts do string out. The latest is a Thread Trust. This is spinning them out pretty fine.

Notwithstanding the fact that Mexico is a benighted silver country the Rothschilds are making big investments there.

In proportion to its population Connecticut leads in the number of patents taken out. But Connecticut is a State that it is isn't easy to make a living in and her people must invent something.

New Haven, Conn., has a girl who whistles with her mouth closed. That may be a sort of a novelty up there, but a girl who could whistle with her mouth open would be a much greater curiosity.

Mrs. Foster, of Iowa, President of the Women's Republican Association of the United States, says "women have no favorite sons," but she will not deny that they sometimes have favorite fellows.

Baron Hirsch and "Nitrate King" North, both of whom died suddenly and within a few days of each other, were among the earth's richest men, and now all that either of them has is a hole in the ground.

Tests made in the University of Missouri show that the X ray will kill the germs of diptheria. If further tests prove as satisfactory as these already made, physicians are counting upon curing this disease by turning the X rays on the infected throat and killing the germs there.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 41. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,876

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania, says he is going to make "the effort of his life" in nominating Quay at St. Louis. If Gov. Hastings had taken some lessons from the Hon. Mark Hanna early in the racket, it might not require such herculanean efforts to bring Mr. Quay in from the background. But such heroic determination in a sort of forlorn hope is admirable if not more so.

The New York *Sun's* London correspondent imparts the interesting information that the Queen's household last year consumed $10,000 worth of beer and $30,000 worth of wine. And it wasn't a very wet year, either. These are little liquid incidents, the bill for which the British people have to liquidate.

The Chicago preacher who adopted the system of checking bicycles for persons who attended his church, showed a more level head than that other Chicago preacher who started a crusade against the bicycle, because some of his flock preferred riding to listening to him expound the gospel.

California shipped last year nearly 49,000 car-loads of fruits, vegetables and wines. At the rate at which new orchards and vineyards are being set out it will not be long before the fruit crop will be doubled. Irrigation is making valuable for fruit-growing much land that was previously worthless.

An inventor has contrived a way by which the headlights of locomotives adjust themselves to short curves. Rigidly placed as they are now in turning short curves the light is thrown across the line instead of on it, as it should be. The new invention overcomes this defect.

Mr. Hogaboom, a bank president of Little Rock, Ark., has disappeared and left as a reminder a shortage of about $200,000. Notwithstanding his name, Mr. Hogaboom stood pretty well, but since he ran his stock is not on a boom.

Trusts are great institutions. Since the organization of the Nail Trust the price of nails has gone up 200 per cent. to home folks. But there has been no raise on those sold for export. What a pity such Trusts can't be spiked.

The friends of Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, have launched his Presidential boom in opposition to Secretary Carlisle's boom. And there is Bradley, too, with his infantile boom on the other side. Kentucky is a great State.

It cost $1,000,000 to bury the assassinated Shah of Persia. But it cost a good deal more than that to keep him alive.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MERCER & EVANS—Are you in need.
CRONLY & MORRIS—Cottage for rent for the season.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

MILCH COW—For sale.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

—Conditions yesterday indicated fair, warmer weather in this locality today.

—In Justice Bunting's Court yesday, Harkless Reed, colored, was fined ten dollars and costs for assault and battery, and in default of payment was committed to jail.

—Tom Kelly, colored, charged with larceny, was sent to jail yesterday from the City Court, failing to give bail in the sum of $100 for his appearance at the Criminal Court.

—Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son have offered the Champion warehouse on Nutt street, where the Pearson revival meetings were held, for the Southern Baptist Conference, if this body shall decide to hold its next annual meeting in Wilmington.

—The vaudeville entertainment which was to have been given last night had to be postponed on account of the sickness of one of the troupe. The date has not been definitely settled as yet, but the entertainment will probably be given on the 15th.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR's want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR's want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

—Mr. A. D. Ward, of Newbern, is in the city.

—Dr. E. Porter, of Rocky Point, is in the city.

—Mr. R. O. Burton, of Raleigh, was here yesterday.

—Mr. T. C. James is in the Western part of the State, recuperating.

—Mr. D. S. Moore, of Cordele, Ga., is in the city, stopping at the Purcell.

—Mr. J. A. Scott, of Rocky Mount, is in the city, on a visit to friends.

—Mr. Jno. T. French, of Florence, S. C., was a visitor in the city yesterday.

—Mr. James A. Sanders, of Baltimore, was registered at The Purcell yesterday.

—Little Miss Ethel Talbird, of Atlanta, Ga., is in the city with her parents, stopping at The Purcell.

—Mr. W. L. Robinson, of Haw River, N. C., is in the city on a visit to his brother, Mr. Jno. W. Robinson.

—Mrs. W. C. Mason, of Tennille, Ga., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Steward, No. 919 North Third street.

—Misses Sallie B. Jackson, Annie K. Harper and Minnie Harper have returned from a visit to friends at Southport.

—Mrs. J. H. Gall, wife of Mr. J. H. Gall, of Weldon, general manager of the A. C. Line hotels, is visiting friends in Wilmington.

—Messrs. B. L. Wendenfeller and F. Richter, representing the Bartholomay Brewing Company, were registered at The Purcell yesterday.

FAIR ASSOCIATION.

Meeting of Subscribers Last Night—Incorporators Elected to Secure a Charter and Prepare a Constitution and By-Laws.

The Wilmington Fair Association met at the City Hall last evening. The meeting was called to order by Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, who stated the object, which was for the stockholders to take some steps regarding the organizing of the Association.

Mr. H. A. Whiting was called to the chair and Mr. P. Heinsberger, Jr., was secretary.

The chairman stated that a little over seven thousand dollars had been subscribed and the secretary was instructed to ascertain if a majority of the stock was represented in person or by proxy. Finding that it was, the meeting was duly organized for business. After much discussion the following resolution was passed, offered by Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, viz:

Resolved, That a board of ten incorporators be elected from among the persons who subscribed, who shall take steps to procure a charter and prepare a constitution and by-laws for the government of the Fair Association, and who shall duly proceed to open books of subscription.

The following gentlemen were elected, several of the old committee refusing to act, so new workers were added: Messrs. H. A. Whiting, H. P. West, M. W. Jacobi, W. E. Springer, E. M. Wells, M. O'Brien, H. L. Vollers, E. J. Powers, W. H. Bernard and J. W. Jackson.

The above is only a board of incorporators to secure charter and select name and transact business which will arise in the next few weeks. After the charter is secured a meeting of every one interested will be called to organize, elect a board of directors, president, secretary and treasurer and begin work on the Fair for next Fall. By this time the ten thousand dollars needed, it is thought, will be subscribed.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—184 bales cotton, 5 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—28 bales cotton, 24 casks spirits turpentine, 42 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine,

Carolina Central R. R.—88 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 188 bbls rosin, 19 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—37 casks spirits turpentine, 275 bbls rosin, 53 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—7 bales cotton, 12 casks crude turpentine.

Steamer D Murchison—3 bales cotton, 54 casks spirits turpentine, 139 bbls rosin, 57 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 253 bales; spirits turpentine, 143 casks; rosin, 689 bbls; tar, 153 bbls; crude turpentine, 4 bbls.

Country Store Burned.

A correspondent of the STAR, writing from Shallotte, Brunswick county, N. C., says that at Calabash Monday, April 27th, the store of Mr. R. H. Long, with stock of goods, was destroyed by fire It was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. Mr. Long had no insurance. His loss is estimated at $1,000. Suspicion rests upon certain parties and the good people of that section are determined to bring the incendiaries to justice if possible.

For Memorial Day.

The ladies of the Memorial Association are expected to be at the W. L. I. armory this afternoon at 3 o'clock sharp, to make wreaths for Memorial Day. All who are willing to contribute flowers are asked to send them to the armory Monday morning.

—The stage of water in the Cape Fear at Fayetteville Thursday was six feet.

UNITED STATES COURT.

A Large Number of Prisoners Sentenced—The Business of the Term Concluded—Civil Cases Continued.

The United States District Court adjourned yesterday at 1 o'clock for the term, all the cases on the civil docket being continued.

During the morning session of the Court, the prisoners tried and convicted during the week were sentenced as follows:

Wm. Voncannon, passing counterfeit coin; two years imprisonment in Kings county penitentiary, Brooklyn, N. Y., and to pay a fine of $10.

Archie Malloy, retailing liquor; thirty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Simmons Deberry, retailing; sixty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Rachael Henigan, retailing; thirty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Wiley Oaks, retailing; thirty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Thomas Lockhart, retailing; thirty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Jas. McRae, retailing; sixty days in Richmond county jail, and $100 fine.

Cary Strickland, illicit distilling; two years in King's county penitentiary, Brooklyn, N. Y., and $100 fine.

Joe Clark, working in an illicit distillery; sixty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Wm. Jordan, illicit distilling; two years in King's county penitentiary, Brooklyn, and $100 fine.

March Roper, retailing; twenty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Sandy Capel, retailing, thirty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Jesse Wall, retailing; sixty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

G. B. Robinson (colored), sending an obscene letter through the mail; thirty days in Richmond county jail.

Jesse Kearns, retailing; thirty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Ed. Moore, retailing; thirty days in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Jennie Oxeadine, retailing; judgment suspended.

Chas. Booker, retailing; three months in Richmond county jail and $100 fine.

Jack Stevens, retailing; thirty days in Robeson county jail and $100 fine.

J. M. Adams, failure to obliterate stamps; case continued for the United States and defendant recognized for appearance at next term.

J. H. Lewis, defrauding Government of tax; continued for defendant on account of absence of witnesses.

Death of Mrs. Mary A. B. McMillan.

Mrs. Mary A. S. McMillan, mother of Dr. W. D. McMillan of this city, died yesterday in Baxley, Georgia, in the 71st year of her age. Her remains will be brought to the city for interment and the funeral will take place this evening at 5 o'clock from the First Presbyterian church.

Mrs. McMillan was the widow of the late Dougald McMillan, who was for many years a leading and prominent citizen of Wilmington and New Hanover county. About a month ago she left her home in this city to visit her daughter, Mrs. Austin Moore, at Baxley, Georgia, and while there was taken sick and gradually grew worse until she died. The deceased lady leaves four children, three sons and one daughter, to mourn their loss—Dr. W. D. McMillan, of this city; Rev. G. W. McMillan, of Burgaw; Mrs. H. J. McMillan and Mrs. Austin Moore, of Georgia.

Violation of Customs Laws.

The Norwegian barque *Nor*, which sailed hence a few days ago with a cargo of naval stores for a foreign port was detained several days on account of violation of the United States customs laws. The *Nor* came to Wilmington with salt in bulk and discharged her cargo at night without the knowledge of the customs officers, thus laying the owners of the vessel liable to a penalty of $400. Through the efforts of the agents of the *Nor*, Messrs. Jas. T. Riley & Co., and upon representations to the Department at Washington by the Collector of the port, Capt. W. R. Kenan, that the violation of law was unintentional, the vessel was released upon payment of twenty dollars, a nominal penalty covering the costs of the case.

School and College Commencements.

The STAR has received invitation to the annual commencement exercises of Horner's Military School, in the Opera House at Oxford, N. C., Thursday, May 28th.

Also, through the courtesy of Mr. J. D. Latham, invitation to the commencement of Oak Ridge Institute, May 17th to 19th. The annual sermon will be delivered by Rev. J. B. Cheshire, D. D., Bishop of North Carolina, and the annual address by Hon. Josephus Daniels.

Also, through courtesy of Mr. Roscoe Stanford Dodd, an invitation to Wake Forest College commencement, May 25th to 28th. Rev. W. L. Wright, D.D., will deliver the alumni address, and Rev. B. L. Whitman, D.D., the baccalaurate sermon.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad.

The Fayetteville *Observer* of yesterday says: Mr. Fry's private car, containing Col. T. M. R. Talcott, formerly General Manager of the R. & D., General Manager J. W. Fry and Chief Engineer H. L. Fry, passed through this city yesterday over the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad for Wilmington. Col. Talcott is representing the Baltimore Bondholders' Committee in the capacity of an expert. He is to make a report as to the value of the road, the same as the party of experts which recently went over the system representing the New York bondholders.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

The Board Approve the City Budget Eliminating Appropriations for Paying the Mayor for Holding Court and Extension of Water Works in the Fifth Ward—In the Matter of Street Improvements the Law Must be Complied With.

The Board of Audit and Finance met yesterday in adjourned session to finish consideration of the budget for the fiscal year beginning April 1st, 1896. All the members of the Board were present. The chairman, Mr. Wm. Calder, presided.

In the matter of appropriation of $500 made by the Board of Aldermen to be paid to Mayor Harriss for holding the Police Court, a legal opinion from Mr. DaBrutz Cutlar, attorney, was read, that the Mayor was required by law to hold the Police Court; that his salary was fixed by law at $1,000 per annum, and that the payment to him of $500 for holding the Police Court would be illegal.

A written opinion from Messrs. M. Bellamy & Son, attorneys for the Mayor, was also submitted as to whether the Mayor was required by direct law or ordinance to hold the Police Court, and in which the attorneys say, "that it is not one of his duties by express or direct law; but we think the Courts would hold that it clearly was his duty by implication and construction."

A letter from Mayor Harriss was read, stating that the item in the budget for an appropriation of $5,000 for water works in the Fifth Ward was an error; that it was a matter for future consideration.

Mr. McQueen said that he wanted it understood that he would not vote for the payment of any money for permanent street improvements unless the law requiring that advertisement be made for proposals for work to be done and contract for same be awarded to the lowest bidder was complied with.

Upon motion, it was ordered that the Board of Audit and Finance approve the budget for the current fiscal year, eliminating the $500 appropriated to pay the Mayor for holding the police court and the item of $5,000 for fire hydrants in the Fifth ward, thus making the total of the budget as approved, $84,458.75; with a proviso, however, that the money appropriated for permanent street improvements is to be expended according to the requirements of the law amending the city charter, as required by section five of the Act of the State Assembly ratified March 9th, 1895.

Bills amounting to $50.47 for current expenses were audited and approved and the Board then adjourned.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice May 9, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

B—Mrs Mary M Brown. D—Miss Florence Dixon. Miss Rebecca Davis. F—Miss Effie V Fay, Miss Louise Felder. H—Mrs Mary Herring. J—Mrs Hettie Jones. L—Miss Celia Leach, Miss Ellen Lock. M—Miss Dilcey McNeill, Miss Lizzie McKilston, Matilda Monroe. N—Cela Newkirk. P—Mrs Mary C Peebles. R—Miss Mittie Read, Mrs Sarah Reed. T—Mrs Sarah Taylor. W—Miss Amelia Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

B—A Bagley, C M Brown, Mr Blackman, Wm H Bowden. C—John Cunningham, J C Clark. D—B Davis. F—B J Fisher, Mr June Fuller, W W Freeman. G—D P Green, Rev Mc L Green, W F Gillette. H—John F Healey, R F Highsmith (3). J—Mr James. L—Thomas Littleton. M—Jake McLean, D M McIntise, J D Meares, S S Mints, Sammie Marshall. P—August Peterson, R—H Royal. S—Howard Struled, Joseph Smolesvey. T—J T Thompson, Mc Tippett. W—Albert Wilson, Elijah Williams, L K Williams.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

Laura Baker, Jeffie Merrell, J F Daily, Sarah Thompson.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

CORRECTION.

Messrs A. E. Rankin & Co. of Fayetteville Are Not in the Liquor Business.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 8.

EDITOR STAR: Dear Sir—A very grievous error occurs in my communication concerning the aldermen of this town, which was published in your issue of this date, which I am sure you will willingly and promptly correct. Mr. Leighton Huske is reported to be bookkeeper in the wholesale liquor house of A. E. Rankin & Co. Now, of course, the gentlemen constituting this firm and Mr. Huske also, will know that the error was either a misprint or an unintentional mistake on the part of your correspondent. Messrs. Rankin & Co. are higher-toned Christian gentlemen, and do a wholesale and retail grocery and hardware business, and are in no wise connected with the liquor business. I hope your readers will note the mistake. Yours truly,

H. EVE.

INFORMATION WANTED.

WILLISTON, S. C., May 7, 1896.

Editor Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C.:

Please give this notice a place in your next issue.

Information is wanted as to the whereabouts of Henry Smith, who left Pittsburg, Pa., on the 19th of April to come home. On the 16th he wrote from Washington; again, on the 18th he wrote from Richmond, Va., saying he was sick and would leave that p. m.

Nothing has been heard from him since. He is a railroad man and belongs to the Brotherhood of Trainmen, and travels on a pass. He is 30 years old, about 5 feet 11 inches high; one finger of his left hand is off at the first joint. Any information of him, dead or alive, will be gladly received by his mother,

MRS. MARTHA SMITH,
Williston, Barnwell county, S. C.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents. This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS INVITED TO VISIT RICHMOND, VA.

On the Occasion of the Confederate Veterans' Reunion—Reports Concerning Crops—The Dockery-Russel Contest for the Republican Nomination.

[Special Star Correspondence.]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 8.

Adjutant General Cameron has received an official invitation from Peyton Wise, chairman of the committee in charge of the Veterans' Reunion, which occurs in Richmond, Va., during the first of July, asking the military organizations in the State to be present. The indications are that a large number of them will attend. Richmond will entertain all visiting military organizations.

Three of the quarantine officers arrived here from Richmond to consult with Gov. Carr in reference to removing the restriction which places cattle in this State under the quarantine law. Cattle in this State have never suffered with splenetic fever.

Farmers report that cotton has a splendid stand, and young corn is doing well. The tobacco crop is the largest in the history of the country and is over two weeks earlier than usual.

There is a hope that A. G. Bauer, the architect, will get well. His condition has improved.

These are days of figuring with politicians. The Gubernatorial situation is interesting to a marked degree. There are four prominent candidates seeking the nomination at the hands of the convention which meets here next week. Neither of the candidates have a majority and that makes the situation all the more interesting. Disregarding contests, Dockery and Russell have very near the same number of delegates. The Dockery people declare that Russell cannot draw a vote from the other candidates and that is where Dockery will come in they say in the event that he is not nominated on the first ballot. The Russell people seem to be very confident of shoving their candidate through on the first ballot.

A question which is going to cause something of a rumpus, will be the organization of the Convention. The Executive Committee will convene here on Wednesday prior to the Convention to hear contestants, per instructions at their recent meeting. Chairman Holton will not recognize the committee if they attempt to usurp his appointing power. He says he is going to appoint a committee on credentials. Mr. Holton tells me that the committee have no more to do with the organization of the committee than the Presbyterian Synod. Here is Chairman Holton fighting the Executive Committee and here is where the trouble is going to begin which may result in a division of the Republican party The element which can control the seating of the contesting delegations is the element that will come out victorious. The convention is going to be a stormy one from the start and it may resolve into a contest between physical forces instead of a voting body of delegates. It looks like a free silver resolution will go through. McKinley will, of course, be endorsed with a whoop. Chairman Holton says he will urge a resolution condemning civil service reform.

[Special Star Telegram.]

Dr. Mott arrived here to-day from Washington. Says he came to look over the situation and expects to be here at the Republican State Convention. He was in consultation with Logue Harris and also with Hal Ayer and Maj. Guthrie.

First Baptist Church.

There will be no preaching service at the First Baptist Church to-morrow morning or night. Sunday school at 3.30 p. m. The annual meeting of the congregation for the election of officers will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Every member of the church is urged to be present.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a m and 8.00 p m. Experience meeting at 10 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 3.30 p m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. by the pastor. Class meeting will be held at 9.30 p m. Sunday Sch ol at 4 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Worcester streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 9.45 a m. Church Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.00.

DIED.

McMILLAN—In Baxley, Ga., Friday, May 8th, 1896, Mrs. MARY A. L. McMILLAN, widow of the late D. McMillan, in the 71st year of her age.

Funeral will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from the First Presbyterian Church, thence to Oakdale Cemetery

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Rent for the Season

(FOUR MONTHS).

WE OFFER FOR RENT FOR THE SEASON of (four months) Cottage upon Greenville Sound containing five (5) rooms, kitchen two rooms, outhouse and stables.

Dwelling entirely furnished. Excellent garden with tract 6¼ acres, watermelons, cantelopes.

Horse and Vehicle until October 1st, 1896, all fo $50 per month.

Apply for particulars and terms to CRONLY & MORRIS,
May 9th, 1896. Auctioneers.
my 9 1t

ARE YOU IN NEED

—OF—

Summer Foot Wear?

If so come and see us, we have them to please you in quality, styles and sizes, at prices as low as the lowest.

ASK TO SEE OUR SPECIALTIES IN

Ladies' and Gents' Bicycle Shoes and

Summer Leggings.

They are up to date.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.

H. C. Evan's Old Stand,
my 9 tf 115 Princess street.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt.

No offerings better than ours for this week—no prices so low. It'll be a week full of pleasing Bargains—ten hours each day of joyful money saving opportunities. T'will be to your interest to visit us.

DON'T LONG for a New Dress just because other stores want you to pay more than you feel you can afford, for we've fixed our prices to suit your purse. Now, just look in here this week, and we'll show Black Figured Mohairs, entirely new

Silk Figured Mohairs. fabrics, 42 inches wide, in Superb Designs, especially adapted for separate Skirts and far superior in every way to Figured Taffeta which is selling at several places at 75c the yard. The figures, which are in numerous designs, are as black and shiny as a donkey's eyeball; in fact, it is altogether too pretty to sell at 59c per yard. But that's our price. Come in, anyway—even if you don't want to buy. Make your shopping headquarters with us. Meet your friends in our store; nobody will press you to buy; we're always glad to see you; but don't forget the price of the Black Figured Mohair. **59c**

THINK OF THIS!—Batiste, in plain and in a number of designs, including smal choice figures in Blue, Red, Brown and Black, every one of which is warranted absolutely fast colors, to go here for a song, almost this week. These goods cannot be purchased anywhere else in this country, we having taken the entire production. In consequence of an immense purchase we are enabled to offer them not at 18c per yard, which is their actual worth, but at the extremely low price of 12½c the yard. Speaking of Bargains—this is one, and a good one, too.

Linen Batiste. **12 1-2c**

Dressmakers' Department.

Rustic Percaline, all desirable colors, heretofore sold at 18c yard. This week 12½ cents.

"Jutina" Canvas, the new stiffening for Skirts, for 12½c per yard only. This week 10c.

Fifty pieces Fancy Figured Sateen, sold everywhere at at 25c. Monday's price 14c.

One case of English Silesias, in all the desirable shades, also black and white, actual value 15c. This week 10c.

Best Kid Cambric, for special sale. This week 4c.

Fine French Hair Cloth, in gray only, worth 35c, at 23c.

Linen Department.

Bleached Table Damask, never offered before for less than 49c. This week 35c.

64-inch Bleached Table Damask, would be considered excellent value at 75c. This week's price while it lasts 58c.

Dinner Napkins made to retail for $2 50 dozen. This week $1 19.

Extra large and fine Huck Towels; these have been 35c each. This week's price 22c.

Will sell on Monday two cases of Lonsdale and Fruit of the Loom Muslin, not more than 20 yards to a customer at 7c. Samples sent on application.

C. W. POLVOGT & CO.,

Sole Agents for W. B. Corset and Butterich Patterns.

my 8 tf No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Bargain Seekers Note These Facts.

We want to tell a long story in a few short words. We are doing the Dry Goods business of the city, and the cause of this is that we do business on the one price plan, and all goods are sold for cash and at prices that defy competition. Read over our price list and see what we are doing—slaughtering Dry Goods of every kind, Notions of all styles, Shoes of the best make, and Millinery in the greatest quantity.

PRICE LIST.

SHOES—Ladies' Pat. Tip Oxfords, three-hole lace, nice pretty styles, 45c a pair; Ladies' Sandals, with silk ribbon bow with buckle, 85c; a beautiful Slipper, trimmed with pat. leather trimming, 85c; Ladies' best and finest Slippers, $1 69, 2.00 and 2.50 each; Ladies' fine Kid Shoes in narrow last; the best Shoes at $1 89, worth $2.50 to 3.00, our price only $1.89 each; Women's solid job shoes at 50 and 60c each, only one pair of a kind. Ladies' pat. tip Dongola, soft fine Shoes, 78c a pair. Children's soft fine button Shoes, 2's to 5's, at 20c each; better and finer, 35 and 50c. Misses Shoes of all styles from 8's to 2's. Men's solid Shoes, nicely made, in Lace and Congress, $1.00. Gentlemen's very nice lace Shoes, in nice goods, at 95c a pair. If you are in need of Shoes wholesale or retail, come to us for bargains in all styles. We have about 5,000 pairs to select from, and promise to tickle your fancy and please your purse.

DRESS GOODS of every kind—new, fresh and fine. Styles the latest, quality the best and prices the lowest. Twenty-five pieces new Shirt Waist Silk just received, 18 inches wide; all fine colors. Best Wash Silks made, 25c per yard.

28-inch beautiful styles, 35c.

36-inch Black Brilliantine, brocaded, 19 and 25c.

38-inch beautiful, good plain, 40c.

40-inch beautiful black, all wool filling and silk warp, 60c.

29-inch Henrietta, nice goods, 25c.

39-inch blue and black Serge, 35c.

40-inch Diagonal Serge, 35c per yard.

36-inch Lawn, fast colors, linen finish, 10c per yard.

30-inch Pique, beautiful new goods, 10c.

37-inch linen finished Chambray at 5c, worth 8c.

60-inch Turkey red Table Linen, absolutely fast colors, 23c per yard.

25-inch Dress Plaids, 8c.

36-inch White Homespun, 3½c; best Sea Island, 5c.

Splendid Dress Gingham, 4c per yard.

44-inch wide Spring Dress Flannel, the best and newest thing in fine Dress Suiting, worth $1.00 per yard; we have it for 55c; this is new goods, the best, a special job; come and see it.

Shirt Waist Calico at 4c, and all the new things in Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Laces, Jets and Braids. When you need Dress Goods give our's a look; we are in it for business and no mistake. This is the season to buy new Millinery, and we want to fit you up. Misses white rough straw, wide brim Sailors, at 30c; black smooth straw, 9c. Ladies' high crown, bound Sailors, in blue, black and white, 35c each. One line of white and black Sailors, in fine straw, all styles, the bell crown and straight crown, at 50, 75c, $1.00, 1.25 and 1.50. In this line of fine Sailors we lead. Call or write for these goods. In Trimmed Hats we try to please. We have four trimmers that have had 10 years' experience. Hats of all prices. Trimmed with flowers, ribbon and chiffon for 50c each. Fine Hats of all the new goods in the best styles, trimmed or untrimmed, as you may desire. Fine Chips and fancy braid of all the latest styles. They run in price from 35c to $3.00 untrimmed; from 75c to $8.00 trimmed. Come to us for your Millinery Trimmings. All the new straw trimming, laces, ornaments, chiffons, buckles, aigrettes and ribbons of all styles.

Remember we sell Clothing for men and boys; suits and odd pants. Underwear of all kinds. Men's and boy's Hats. Notions of every make. A genuine French woven fine Corset, worth $1.00, our price 39c each.

You will find us at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Headquarters for Bargains of all kinds. Mail orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

ma 3 tf WILMINTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

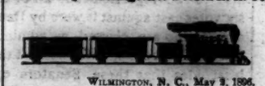
ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, MAY 9th, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 3.30 p. m. and 6.30 p. m
Leave Ocean View 7.30 a. m., 11 00 a. m. 5 p. m.

Freight will be received daily, except Sunday, from 8 a. m. until 2 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
my 5 tf Superintendent.

Office Sec'y Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co



WILMINGTON, N. C., May 2, 1896.

The Board of Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co. have declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock of that Company payable to all holders of record of this date. Dividend due and payable on and after May 12, 1896. The transfer books will stand closed from May 2nd to May 12th, 1896, inclusive.

JAS. F. POST, Jr.,
Secretary and Treasurer W. & W. R. R. Co.
ma 3 tf

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

We Are Still

IN BUSINESS at No. 11 South Front street and would be pleased to have you give us a call when in need of our services. Respectfully,

H. C. FREMPERT'S SONS,
ap 26 tf Barbers and Hair Dressers.

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly Cash loaned on improved city real estate. my 5 1

Executors' Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTORS OF the will of Mrs. Anna Christine Desmelandt, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against her estate, to present them to either of us on or before the 3rd day of April, 1897, or this notice will be pleaded against them.

J. W. ORTMANN,
ANDREW SMITH,
ap3 6w th Executors.

Wanted,

EVERYBODY TO CALL AND TRY THE best Whiskey, Wine and Beer in the city. Mixed drinks a specialty. Fine Cigars, &c. French Cafe,

A. P. LEVY, Manager,
my 3 tf 117 Princess street.

Spanish Peanuts.

100 Bushels Spanish Peanuts.
250 Bags Best Meal.
400 Bags Ohio Valley Corn.
15 New Cheese.
50 Dozen Brooms.
25 Barrels Mott's Vinegar.
25 Barrels Mott's Cider.

We will make price satisfactory. Send orders to

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water street,
my 3 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

**SOUTHPORT AND WILMINGTON

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at [$5 00 per year, $4 50 for six months, $2 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 00; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line each insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcement and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1896

A GROUNDLESS ASSUMPTION.

As we have several times recently remarked the gold organs are beginning to devote a good deal of attention to the wage-earners and the farmers, and are laboring much to persuade these wage-earners and farmers that they will be the great sufferers by the free coinage of silver. In this connection we clip the following from an editorial in the Philadelphia *Ledger* under the heading of "Working Men and the Currency:"

"If ever a campaign of education were needed, it is needed now, it being one of the extraordinary conditions of the present that among the most strenuous and persistent advocates of free and unlimited silver coinage are vast numbers of our working men, and what is most extraordinary is that among those who so earnestly contend for it are not only the illiterate representatives of labor, but some, who are intelligent, educated men, accustomed to think for themselves upon all subjects which concern their well being. This condition has resulted from the activity of those selfish, sordid political leaders and organs that have during the last four or five years labored incessantly and untiringly to convince the workingmen that free and unlimited silver coinage, which means that the national currency and the credit shall be degraded to the silver standard, will ensure them unwonted prosperity. While the propagandists of this nefarious and ruinous scheme of currency debasement and depreciation have been so industriously employed in disseminating among the masses misinformation, the supporters of the gold standard have, until quite recently, done nothing to correct their pernicious teachings. The workingmen who contend for free silver are simply contending against their own true, best interests.

"As long ago is 1834 Daniel Webster said in the Senate of the United States to the workingmen of the country!

"'The very man of all others who has the deepest interest in a sound currency, and who suffers most by mischievous legislation in money matters, is the man who earns his daily bread by his daily toil.'"

The *Ledger* is a fair journal, and as a rule discusses questions in a candid way, and we have no doubt that in its advocacy of the gold standard it is honest, although it isn't creditable to nor consistant with its reputation for fair dealing to represent the masses of those who demand free silver as ignorant and influenced by designing and selfish "propogandists" of "a nefarious and ruinous scheme of currency debasement." It is, however, candid enough to admit that among the advocates of free silver are "some who are intelligent, educated men, accustomed to do the thinking for themselves on all subjects which concern their well being." From some papers this would be an extraordinary concession, and from such a cool-headed paper as the *Ledger* it is candid enough to be really amusing. It might seem from such a generous admission that the general impression among the gold standard people of that section is that the advocates of free silver are wild-eyed, long-haired, unsoaped citizens who have never cultivated much acquaintance with schools, civilization, or water for bathing purposes, and it may surprise some of them to be informed by as respectable a paper as the *Ledger* that there are some of us who are really "intelligent" and do our own thinking, and they might be surprised still more surprised when they are informed that there are a good many of us who can actually read, and know the difference between gold money and silver money. We might go a little further and say, although this may seem surprising to some of them, too, that there are a good many of us who know the difference between gold-talk rot and sound money argument, and we know what sound money means, too, when the gold worshippers undertake to play that fraud on us. We know enough not to let the money-lenders, bond-manipulators and their representatives fool us with phrases, and make us believe that a money which from the foundation of the Government until 1873 was sound money isn't sound money now, or that it should be relegated to the baser moneys, or be classed as "trash" or "pot metal."

The silver man's idea of sound or honest money and the gold man's differ somewhat, but nevertheless the silver man believes in "sound," "honest" money, the kind described in the following from the Adrian, Mich., *Press*:

"We want an honest currency, one that will pay the wage-earner and the interest-taker; one that will pay the gun holder and the bond holder; one that the United States alone issues and fathers; one that will fight our battles or buy our wheat; one as much for the use and benefit of the producers of the country who raise the $700,000,000 of exports for our foreign trade as well as for those who buy the bonds and clip coupons.

"We need a currency so sound that no combine of financial thieves can organize a raid on the Treasury and embarrass in its dealings, and disturb the business interests of the country, in order that the currency they hold may be turned into an interest bearing debt.

"We need a sound currency that will admit of no juggling, nor compel the United States to keep on hand a hundred million dollars in any one kind of money just to accommodate a class of men who make their living by raids on the currency reserve, not because they need one kind of currency more than another, but simply to make trouble."

That's the kind of sound, honest currency we used to have before the conspiring, gold-grabbing financiers began to tinker with it,

There isn't a free silver advocate in the country who will not unreservedly endorse the extract which the *Ledger* prints from Daniel Webster, for, as we have remarked, they are all believers in a sound currency, but the mistake the *Ledger* and all other gold standard papers make is that they assume that the remonetization of silver would depreciate silver and debase our currency. This is the assumption upon which their whole contention is based and they argue from it as positively as if it were conceded or self-evident, whereas there is not the shadow of foundation for it or the semblance of evidence to support it.

There are about $600,000,000 of silver coin in this country, every dollar of which is "sound" money, although the gold men are in the habit of referring to silver dollars as 50 cent dollars, notwithstanding that they will do as much and go as far as any other kind of a dollar will do or go. This is not because their parity with gold has been maintained, or because they are redeemable in gold. Their parity has been maintained not by paying out gold for greenbacks, as pretended, but by the stamp on them and the law that makes them a legal tender. As for their being redeemable, that's nonsense. No one ever thinks of that. Instead of our currency being debased by the free coinage of silver, the silver dollar would be appreciated and one dollar would be as good as another dollar within our own realm, and that's all we need be seriously concerned about. The people abroad who trade with us would very soon learn to adapt themselves to our monetary system, and being as anxious to trade with us as we are with them, would very soon do so. Although England has had the gold standard since 1816 and we had the double standard up to 1873 we never had any trouble trading with England, and we wouldn't have now if the monetary system previous to 1873 were restored. There never was, we repeat, and is not now, the slightest ground for the assumption that the remonetization of silver, or the elevation of it, would degrade it.

MINOR MENTION.

In spite of Senator Hill's persistent opposition and stubborn fight against the Peffer bond sale investigation, the resolution, in a modified form, was adopted Thursday by a vote of 21 for to 6 against. The fact that less than one-third of the votes in the Senate were cast shows that there was very little interest taken in it and that the Senate as a body was quite indifferent as to what finally became of the resolution. The persistent fight that Senator Hill made against it forced a modification of the original resolution and the elimination of its most objectionable features, but it is to be regretted that the fight against it was made by a Democratic Senator who was supposed to be speaking as a defender and friend of the administration, for the effect was to put the administration in a position where it might seem to have something to conceal. It is also to be regretted that all of the six votes cast against it were by Democrats, who are classed as administration Democrats. We haven't the least idea that these Senators opposed the adoption of the resolution, because they were afraid of it, but because they saw no necessity for it and believed it to be inspired by sinister motives, but comprehending the motives, as they thought they did, was a sufficient reason in itself for permitting the resolution to go through as the most effective way to defeat the scheme at the bottom of it. A thorough investigation would put to rest rumors and suspicions, and put a quietus on the rumor makers and scandal mongers, and give the President and the Secretary of the Treasury a vindication which whether needed or not on their account, is, in view of all the talk there has been about those bond sales, desirable from a political standpoint. For this reason we are glad that the resolution has been adopted.

* * *

Hon. Marcus Hanna scored two more big points Thursday, when he captured Indiana and Michigan for his man McKinley. The capture of Indiana is significant because it was pretty well understood that the opposition to McKinley was looking to ex-President Harrison as a last resort to combine and to defeat the gentleman from Ohio, and consequently a desperate effort was made to prevent an expression by the convention for McKinley and to bring Mr. Harrison to the front as Indiana's "favorite son." Mr. Harrison played his part in this scheme by expressing the opinion to the platform makers that the tariff should be subordinated to the money question, as "sound money" was *the* issue. This was really a sly blow at McKinley, who is not boomed as a representative of "sound" or any other kind of money, but as the typical representative of a protective tariff, which takes the leading place in all the Republican platforms so far adopted. Under these circumstances, with ex-President Harrison sitting behind the curtain and pulling the wires, Mr. Hanna's capture of Indiana was a great victory, even a greater one than the capture of Illinois, when he sat down on the great statesman, McCullom, the man whose chief distinction is that he "looks like Lincoln." As the board stands now Mr. Hanna is practically master of it, and his man is as good as nominated, unless something very strange and very unexpected should happen at St. Louis.

* * *

We have expressed the opinion that Senator Hill made a mistake in opposing the Peffer bond resolution as he did, and have expressed our satisfaction that under the circumstances it was finally adopted. That we were not alone in the opinion we held as to Senator Hill's course is shown by the following, which we clip from the Washington correspondence of the Baltimore *Sun*:

"Senator Hill's persistent fight in the Senate against the resolution to investigate the bond issues by this administration was the only feature of to-day's session. The Democratic Senators are tired of the whole matter, and are beginning to wonder if Mr. Hill is not really attacking the administration, while pretending to befriend it by offering so elaborate a defense where no defense is needed. While there can be no question of the propriety of Mr. Hill's contention that no adopt the Peffer resolution would be an absurdity from which even the Senate should shrink, he has, nevertheless, taken upon himself the arduous task of preventing its adoption without consulting any of his colleagues upon the Democratic side and with no sentiment in the Senate to aid him in his efforts."

BOOK NOTICES.

The May number of *The Outlook* is a good one and prints many interesting articles which the reader will enjoy. It is well illustrated. Published by The Outlook Company, No. 13 Astor Place, New York.

The Overland Monthly for May is an interesting number, presenting a fine list of contents, among them an entertaining paper on the "Unexplored Regions of the High Sierra" and one on "The Artists of California." This number is copiously illustrated. Published by The Overland Publishing Company, San Francisco, Cal.

The June numbers of *La Mode de Paris* and *The French Dressmaker* are out and are superb numbers. In addition to the figures in colors are the usual number of plain figures, both giving a splendid idea of the styles of dress for the season. With these are patterns, designs, with explanations, and other features which make these such useful publications. Published by A McDowell, No. 4 West Fourteenth street, New York.

TWINKLINGS.

— He—If we were not in a canoe, I would kiss you.

She—Take me ashore instantly, sir.—*Truth.*

— A Boy's Reason—"When I grow up," said little Jack to his father, "I'm going to be just like you, papa."

"That's sweet of you to say," said his father.

"Well, I mean it," said Jack. "What a snap you do have with mamma around to wait on you!"—*Harper's Bazar.*

— "I think it is mean of you to say that the count is good for nothing."

"Well, I suppose if you ever go to Paris he will come in handy as an interpreter."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— "What if I should cease to love you?" he asked in a moment of reckless abandonment.

"Then, dear, I should have your letters published as unique contributions to the literature of the century," was the soothing reply.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Weak, Irritable, Tired

"I Was No Good on Earth."

Dr. Miles' Nervine strengthens the weak, builds up the broken down constitution, and permanently cures every kind of nervous disease.

"About one year ago I was afflicted with nervousness, sleeplessness, Creeping sensation in my legs, Slight palpitation of my heart, Distracting confusion of the mind, Serious loss or lapse of memory. Weighted down with care and worry. I completely lost appetite And felt my vitality wearing out, I was weak, irritable and tired, My weight was reduced to 160 lbs., In fact I was no good, on earth.

A friend brought me Dr. Miles' book, "New and Startling Facts," and I finally decidde to try a bottle of DR. MILES' Reorative Nervine. Before I had taken one bottle I could sleep as well as a 10-yr.-old boy. My appetite returned greatly increased.

When I had taken the sixth bottle My weight increased to 176 lbs., The sensation in my legs was gone; My nerves steadied completely; My memory was fully restored. My brain seemed clearer than ever. I felt as good as any man on earth. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is A great medicine, I assure you."

Augusta, Me. WALTER R. BURBANK.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine
Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to stop Headache in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose."

Formie by all Druggists, June 15 1y su tu th chang e,

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Columbus *News*: Mr. A. L. Benton killed a large rattlesnake in his yard a few days ago. He was five feet long and seven inches around the body, and had eleven rattles and one button.

— Mount Airy *News*: The Primitive Baptists are building a handsome church at Pilot Mountain. The house is by far the largest church edifice of that denomination in the Western part of the State. The building is 36x70 feet and 20 feet from floor to overhead ceiling.

— Dunn *Union*: Last Thursday morning Calvin Sorrell and Major Smith had a disagreement about something, the particulars of which are hard to find out, and Sorrell shot Smith in the right thigh with a rifle, inflicting a serious wound. Dr. Hudson went out to see Smith and probe for the ball but could not find it.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Capt. W. J. Pope, of Neck township, tells us that the crops in his section, and wherever he has been in the county, are in the best fix he ever saw at this time of the year. The corn was all plowed over, and many of the farmers began chopping cotton last week. The recent rains have been fine on tobacco and all other crops.

— Charlotte *News*: The remains of Mrs. Chas. D. Dowd were brought to the city on the Carolina Central train to-day, and were met at the depot by a large party of friends. Mrs. Dowd was a Miss little, of Richmond county, and was married to Mr. Chas. Dowd, who is a brother to Maj. C. Dowd, about 1876. Her death occurred yesterday at her home at Little's Mills. She leaves a husband and one daughter.

— Weldon *News*: On Thursday of last week J. B. Crawley, a white convict from Beaufort county, committed suicide by taking laudanum, at the Caledonia convict farm, this county, which had been procured surreptitiously. It is supposed that the poison was taken at 2 o'clock a. m. and he died about 3 in the afternoon of the same day. Crawley was sent up for six years for manslaughter and had served two years of his term. His crime must have been committed under extenuating circumstances, as a petition for his pardon had been signed by the Solicitor and other officials who took part in his trial, besides the wife of the man he killed. He was despondent about being unable to get free again which caused the suicidal act.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— It was rather unneighborly for President Kruger not to inform Sir Hercules Robinson of the plots that were hatching in Robinson's dominions. Kruger, it seems, knew all about them, while Sir Hercules was utterly ignorant of them.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

— Hard times do not keep the Standard Oil Company from its proclivity to the declaration of extra dividends. Its happy stockholders get their regular 3 per cent. quarterly as a matter of course. The "extras" are a matter of prosperous necessity. The 7 per cent. dividend on Oil Trust certificates now in course of payment is at once a proof of the grip and the greed of this magnificent monopoly.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— The celerity with which Oom Paul Krueger has gone "up higher" in his investigations into the British conspiracy to steal his republic must bring the blush of envy to the cheek of the members of the late Lexow Committee. Beginning at Jameson, Krueger has gone higher with rapid strides, swept the idol Rhodes from his pedestal, thrown a pall of dark suspicion around the public life of the veteran Hercules Robinson, and brought his array of damaging facts to the door of Mr. Jos. Chamberlain. In the Colonial Secretary he has reached the top, presumably, for there is no evidence to cause any one to suspect that the Prince of Wales was to be let in on the ground floor in the scheme to annex by force an entire nation. Wales has his faults, but he is no pirate.—*N. Y. Journal, Dem.*

Flower Vases

Almost as beautiful as the Flowers themselves, are the GORHAM vases, either of solid silver, or of cut glass and silver in combination, varying from two feet in height to only a few inches. There is no more prolific subject presented to the Gorham artists, and none in which their fancy finds expression more delightful

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

Indignant.

There used to be an old porter at a certain Irish railway station who was more remarkable for independence of character than attention to his duties.

On one occasion two of the directors were traveling over the line and noticed that the name of this station was not called, the neglect being the more serious as it was a junction. This was made the subject of complaint, and old Charley, who was the delinquent, was promptly brought to book and reprimanded.

He was very wroth that any one should find fault with him and thirsted for revenge. So, keeping a lookout until he saw the directors on their return journey, he stood opposite their carriage and shouted in a stentorian voice:

"Cookstown Junction! Change here for Randalstown, Castledawson, Magherafelt, Moneymore and all stations on the Cookstown line, and don't say, ye blaggards, ye weren't towld!"—London Answers.

Pure, rich blood is the true cure for nervousness, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

THE LOAF OF BREAD.

SUPERSTITIONS OF MANY LANDS CONNECTED THEREWITH.

Origin of the Signing of the Cross—What a Crack Across the Loaf Means—The Oven a Sacred Object—Omens Relating to Birth, Marriage and Death.

One morning last summer, when I was spending a few days at a farmhouse in eastern Ohio, the good housewife showed that she was troubled. Naturally I inquired the cause. "Oh," she said, "I'm afraid something dreadful will happen. This morning I put a batch of bread into the oven, and all the loaves except one cracked across the top."

"What if they did?" I replied in tones of curiosity.

"Don't you know," she said, with an air of surprise, "that when bread cracks across the top it means misfortune to some one in the family? I would not have had it happen for the world."

As I left a few days after this mishap to the bread I never learned whether the sign was a true omen or not. However, the housewife had contributed to my stock of information and had given me an item of folklore that led to further investigation.

One of my German friends tells me that in many parts of his native country the housewife still believes that cracks on the top of the loaf of bread indicate the death of some one in the household, or perhaps misfortune to a dear friend, while cracks on the lower side of the bread are taken to indicate a birth.

As many of us know, our bakers mark the sign of a cross upon the dough before placing it in the oven. The reason for making this sign becomes plain when we know the origin of the custom. Almost all our superstitions about bread date back to old pagan days, though they have been greatly modified so as to conform to Christian beliefs. With the ancient Romans the baking of bread and cakes was often invested with a religious significance, especially the cakes offered to the gods and goddesses. These cakes were prepared in a particular way, and after being marked with the symbol of the deity in whose honor they were offered they were supposed to possess supernatural virtues.

The old domestic practice was modified when Christianity became triumphant, and in place of a pagan symbol the early Christian housewife not only used to make the sign of the cross when she began to knead the dough, but she marked that sign upon her loaf before placing it in the oven. Why? Simply because the sign of the cross is the recognized Christian protecting mark against the attacks of evil spirits, witches and the like. Hence bread marked with the cross is supposed to be witchproof, will bake all right, not crack across the top, etc.

Just as the Jews have passover cakes and other peoples have had specially prepared food for their religious festivals, so the Christians have cakes for certain seasons. Our hot cross buns on Good Friday are simply modern representatives of the cakes used at some old pagan festival. In days gone by the cakes and buns baked at Easter were supposed to possess great virtues. Thus it is an old belief that the observance of eating cross buns on Good Friday insures, so to speak, the house from fire for the coming year.

In truth, to study the superstitions about bread is to take a wide lesson in folklore. These superstitions relate to the kneading trough, the oven, bakers and bread. For instance, in many parts of France the arche, or kneading trough, is more than a rude kitchen utensil. It is often a pretty bit of furniture. M. Sebillot, who has collected many of the superstitions of the French folk relative to bread, quotes the story of a thief who entered the window of a house with intent to commit burglary, but refused to step on the trough still containing the dough, believing that to do so would be an impiety.

A writer in one of the recent numbers of an English magazine says that in Gottland the cross is still signed before the oven fire is lighted or the dough kneaded. This practice is very common in the country districts all over Europe. In Brittany the housewife makes the sign of the cross with the right hand while she places the left hand in the trough. After the dough is kneaded, the lid of the trough is shut, and so is the door, for if the cat should enter the room the bread would not rise. Certain charms or invocations are used to cause the bread to multiply itself. Thus the peasant housewife adjures the dough to imitate the leaven, the wheat the miller and to rise. She would be very angry if any one should sing or whistle in the room while she is making the loaf.

In some parts of Europe the bake oven is almost a sacred object. In certain places of Brittany, for example, it is dedicated with ceremonies. The wood is sprinkled with blessed water. The proper heat is attested by the melting of a bottle, and finally an egg is broken for luck. Besides there are certain days on which bread must not be baked, as on Holy Friday or during the night of All Saints, when the ghosts would be sure to eat it.

The loaf of bread itself is connected with a whole crowd of superstitions. A long time resident in France informs me that the custom of marking the bread with the sign of the cross before cutting it is very general. Sometimes the first mouthful of bread is used to make this sign. According to an old English superstition, if a loaf accidentally parts in the hand while an unmarried lady is cutting it this may be taken to indicate either that she will not be married during the next 12 months, or, what is worse, that there will be dissensions of some kind in the family. Some folks have a fear of turning a loaf upside down after cutting it. Of course it is everywhere regarded as bad luck for a piece of bread to fall on the buttered side.—New York Post.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Sour

Stomach, sometimes called waterbrash, and burning pain, distress, nausea, dyspepsia, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This it accomplishes because with its wonderful power as a blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates an appetite, gives refreshing sleep, and raises the health tone. In cases of dyspepsia and indigestion it seems to have "a magic touch."

"For over 13 years I suffered from sour

Stomach

with severe pains across my shoulders, and great distress. I had violent nausea which would leave me very weak and faint, difficult to get my breath. These spells came oftener and more severe. I did not receive any lasting benefit from physicians, but found such happy effects from a trial of Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I took several bottles and mean to always keep it in the house." I am now able to do all my own work, which for six years I have been unable to do. My husband and son have also been greatly benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla—for pains in the back, and after the grip. I gladly recommend this grand blood medicine." MRS. PETER BURBY, Leominster, Mass.

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

The Best Signal Light System.

The best night signal lights are those invented by Lieutenant Very of our navy, and named after him Very's signals. The consist of a white, a red and a green star, each fired into the air from a pistol, so that by firing one, two or three of them in quick succession and in different orders, with a pause between the groups, different letters or signal numbers can be made until a sentence is complete. They can be easily read from vessels 12 miles away.—St. Nicholas.

"Old Kentucky Home."

"Old Kentucky Home" is the twentieth song in Foster's book of plantation melodies, though when and under what circumstances it was composed cannot be exactly stated. One writer on musical curios says that it was suggested by an allusion that Foster heard a slave make to his former home in the Blue Grass State.

The "Celestial Empire," referring to the domain of China, has a significance in the Chinese legend that the early rulers of that country were all deities.

Pope's features were small and delicate. All his life he was very pale and looked sickly.

In 1236 a hen was bought in Paris for a penny.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute		5½
Standard	7½@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	13½@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	7½@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½@	7
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	5½@	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	5½@	6¼
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	5 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ ℔	15	
Northern	22 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	40@	45
Virginia Meal	40 @	42½
	@	85
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle		
CANDLES ℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	35
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE— ℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ℔ ℔—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	14 @	18½
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	30
EGGS— ℔ dozen	8 @	9
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00 @	3 25
Mullets, ℔ part barrel	1 75 @	2 00
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ box	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR— ℔ barrel—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 50
Choice	3 25 @	3 50
Straight	4 10 @	4 25
Fine Patent	@	4 50
GLUE— ℔ ℔—	7½@	10
GRAIN— ℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	42½@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	41½
Oats, from store	35½@	38
Oats, Rust Proof	40 @	40
Cow Peas	50 @	60
HIDES, ℔ ℔—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—		
Eastern	@	1 05
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2 @	3¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	6½@	6½
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....	1 35
LUMBER (city mill) ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	15 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	32
" " in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	25
Syrup, in bbls	15 @	26
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35 @	2 45
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City mess	11 50@	11 00
Rump	@	11 00
Prime	@	11 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	....
American	@	55
on 100 ℔ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common Mill	3 00 @	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔— Standard Gran'd	5⅝@	5⅝
Standard A	@	5¾
White, Ex. C	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden	4 @	4¾
C, Yellow	@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔— Northern	5½@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	20 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	6 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	@	3½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 20 @	2
North Carolina	1 20 @	2
OIL, ℔ ℔— Sperm	1 @	1
Clear of Sperm	70@	75
Butty	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market opened dull with nothing doing. Later, sales of machine casks at 24½c per gallon were reported.

ROSIN—Market dull at $1 40 per bbl for Strained, and $1 45 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Quiet. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1.90 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 26½c; rosin, strained, $1 15; good strained $1 20; tar $1 15; crude turpentine $1 20, 1 80, 2 25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	142
Rosin	639
Tar	152
Crude Turpentine	41

Receipts same day last year—70 casks spirits turpentine, 260 bbls rosin, 123 bbls tar, 14 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market firm on a basis of 7¾c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5½ cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	6½ " "
Low Middling	7 5-16 " "
Middling	7¾ " "
Good Middling	8 1-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 6¼c.

Receipts—958 bales; same day last year, 8.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN.—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8½ to 10c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7½c; Sides, 6½ to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2 25; six inch, $2 50 to 3 50; seven inch; $3.50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended May 8, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
1,478	1,258	3,306	829	201

RECEIPTS.

For week ended May 9, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
53	784	2,125	779	309

EXPORTS.

For week ended May 8, 1896

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	150	849	186	1,089	340
Foreign	00	500	3,979	15	000
	150	1,349	4,115	1,084	340

EXPORTS.

For week ended May 9, 1895

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	12	355	94	1 060	574
Foreign	1,296	000	8 055	5 590	000
	1,3 8	355	8,159	6,6 0	274

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, May 8, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	6,026	37	6,063
Spirits	925	103	1,028
Rosin	23,637	4,765	28,392
Tar	6,939	354	7,291
Crude	833	00	833

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, May 9, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
11,905	1,137	5,983	3,538	765

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Evening—Money on call was firm at 2½@4 cent., last loan at 3, and closing offered at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady to firm: actual business in bankers' bills 487

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castor'a in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

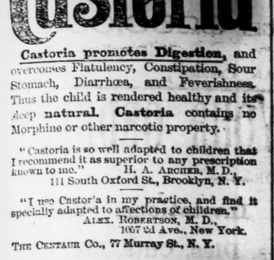
Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.



ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S

COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD FUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

CUPID AND PSYCHE

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N.Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

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Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

The Morning Star.

OH, YES, WE TRUST.

Oh, yes, we trust that somehow good
Will be the final goal of ill,
To pangs of nature, sins of will,
Defects of doubt and taints of blood;

That nothing walks with aimless feet;
That not one life shall be destroyed,
Or cast as rubbish to the void,
When God hath made the pile complete;

That not a worm is cloven in vain;
That not a moth, with vain desire,
Is shrivel'd in a fruitless fire
Or but subserves another's gain.

Behold, we know not anything!
I can but trust that good shall fall
At last—far off—at last, to all,
And every winter change to spring.

—Tennyson.

INDIAN REVENGE.

Jed Wilson and I were neither of us much over 20 when, in the reckless spirit of adventure, we joined a company of threescore hardy fellows who were on the point of starting off up the Ump-qua river.

After many days of the most difficult travel we came at length in sight of an Indian village, and approaching this village to within a quarter of a mile we pitched our permanent camp.

We had been there a very few minutes before our redskin neighbors became aware of our presence, and immediately they swarmed down upon us, displaying the most hostile intentions. The sight of our weapons cowed them, and they saw it would be best to leave us alone.

The chief of the tribe was one Wah-kia-na, a tall, muscular Indian of perhaps 45. As the days went by Wah-kiana became quite a frequent visitor. His favorite lounging place was the log cabin in which Jed and I did the cooking.

One morning Jed discovered Wah-kiana in the act of jabbing a long, sharp pointed piece of iron he invariably carried in his belt into the soup kettle, hoping no doubt to fish out a nice hot chunk of beef. This was more than my companion could stand.

Knocking the iron out of the redskin's hand with a quick blow, Jed grabbed the fellow by the scruff and the slack and rushed him out of the cabin, quitting him with a push that sent him sprawling upon the ground.

After that Wah-kia-na came to the cookhouse no more, and in a month or so the incident had dropped completely from our minds. But not from the Indian's. In his heart he nurtured vengeance.

One day we learned that there emptied into the Ump-qua a certain stream, the exploration of which promised considerable sport. This tributary was known as Smith's river, after an unfortunate trapper who had been killed by the Indians many years before.

When we had arranged our plans, we made them known to Wattie Linn, a sturdy old backwoodsman, who had taken quite a fancy to us youngsters and had more than once proved himself a true friend.

"Don't ye go, boys," said Wattie.

"Why not?" asked Jed. "We can manage the canoe all right."

"Tain't that."

"What is it, then? Are you afraid of the Indians cutting us off?"

"Waal, yes, that's about it," replied Wattie.

Just as we were pushing off along came Wattie.

"So yer bound to go, boys?" he said half reproachfully. "Waal, good luck to ye. But look hyar, I want ye to promise me a something. Guess it'll take ye three days to get up to Smith's, thar bein a freshet in the river, but a day ought to fetch ye back slick as grease. Now, give me yer word, boys, to be back hyar by five days at the latest—that is, if ye kin."

We promised the old fellow and dipped our paddles, impatient to be off.

"Good, lads, and now look hyar. If so be as you meet trouble and hev to quit the canoe and tramp home make tracks down the right bank of the river; the right bank, do you heer?"

Nothing particular happened until the afternoon of the third day. We were ripping along very quietly when suddenly Jed reached over the side of the canoe and fished something out of the water. It proved to be a small closely woven Indian basket.

"That's bad, Jed," I exclaimed. "Sure as guns ther's redskins ahead of us."

"We'd have met the beggars if they had come down stream; so they must have gone up," said I. "What's to be done, Jed?"

"Done! Go ahead and trust in Providence," replied Jed. "They may be friendly or they may not. Anyhow we've got our rifles."

"What's that yonder?" cried Jed, pointing to a hill a little distance ahead. Its sloping side was dotted with what looked to be huts. We rested on our paddles and gazed upon the scene with silent anxiety.

We found the cause of our wonder to be an old Indian burying ground. The hutlike risings were simply hillocks of earth, each of which marked the resting place of a warrior.

Paddling a mile or two farther along, we camped for the night.

As soon as it was light enough we started to mount to the top of what we meant to be our long toboggan slide back to Ump-qua. It was the worst rapid we had yet encountered. After trying it several ways without success we had to resort to the towing line.

We dragged our little craft up through the boiling current yard by yard. It may have been within a dozen feet of us when crack! the stout hide line suddenly snapped, and away went the canoe with all our stores and Jed's rifle, dashing madly down the falls.

"What fools to worry," cried Jed, "when we can get all the canoes we want!"

"Where?"

"Dowrf in the burial ground of course. It's only a mile or so. Come along."

Fortunately we were on the same side of the river, and an hour's hard struggling through the dense woods brought us to the cemetery. We found that most of the canoes were in very bad condition, but finally came across one that seemed seaworthy. Our good fortune mended our spirits, and as we sped onward we laughed and joked and broke into rollicking songs.

We had made a mile or so when, shooting round a sharp elbow of the river, we were thunderstruck to find ourselves abreast of a large Indian camp pitched on the bank. The narrowing of the stream at this point brought us within 20 yards of our foes.

Uttering a howl of rage, they made a wild rush for the water's edge, threw themselves into their canoes and came after us in full pursuit. And foremost among them we recognized the tall form of Wah-kia-na.

With a swift wave of our paddles we turned the nose of our antique craft toward the bank, reaching which, we leaped ashore. I seized the gun, and in two seconds we were tearing through the thick brushwood toward the forest beyond.

That afternoon and evening I tramped many miles. At nightfall, being utterly fagged out, I threw myself upon the turf beside a small stream and was soon sound asleep.

I awoke a little after dawn, cold and stiff and desperately hungry. I was about to move along when I was startled to hear a crackling among the brushwood. I set my teeth and brought my rifle to my shoulder, ready to fire as soon as the thing should break cover.

Presently who should stagger into view but Jed, the poor fellow ready to drop with fatigue and hunger. We started off, but soon Jed, who was carrying the gun, while clambering over the rocks made a misstep and fell. The weapon flew from his hand, and the trigger striking hard against a stump, a loud report followed among the surrounding hills.

But that was not the worst. Jed's ankle received a very bad twist in his fall, and for some minutes the poor fellow was agonized with pain.

Now we noticed a column of smoke rising nearly opposite our position from the other bank of the river.

"A signal!" cried Jed. "They must have heard the report. What a clumsy idiot I was!"

"And see," said I, "there's an answering signal to the right and another to the left. But we've got a good start of them, and before they strike our trail we must be miles away."

All that afternoon we toiled onward over our rugged course. Meantime, however, Jed's wounded ankle grew worse, until at sunset it was swollen to twice its natural size, and he could proceed no farther.

Twilight slowly darkened into night. The moon rose and cast her fading light upon the scene. A more welcome light, I think, I shall never behold.

Presently signal fires on the hills near by told us that the rest of our enemies were close at hand. Again I looked to the priming of my gun and otherwise prepared for action.

For fully 20 minutes we heard nothing of our foes, though we knew well the cowardly fellows were debating how best to reach us. Then, from their ambush in the wild oats, we heard voices, as though they were encouraging each other to charge, and we realized that the crisis was at hand.

Suddenly I was startled by an exclamation from Jed.

"It's all up, Joe!" he cried. "No use firing. The villains have got us in the rear."

"Hist, boys, hist!" whispered a voice from the bow of the canoe.

"Good heavens, it's Wattie!"

"Aye, boys, and just in the nick of time. Catch hold of this hyar line and haul us in right smart."

This was done, and all so quietly and quickly that the Indians knew nothing of our re-enforcements. A minute later they broke cover, rushed into the open, and with a blood curdling yell charged pellmell down upon us.

"Fire!" shouted Wattie in a voice that rang loud above the uproar, and instantly five spouts of flame flashed in the faces of our foes.

Surprised, thunderstruck, utterly discomfited, the advancing body reeled back from the volley they had so little expected.

"After 'em, boys!" yelled Wattie, leaping up over the bank and giving chase. We sent them flying in all directions, each Indian intent only on securing his personal safety.

Then, returning to the bank, we sought our two fallen foes. The first we came up to was lying face downward, having pitched forward as a bullet found his heart. Turning him over, we found he was none other than the villainous Wah-kia-na.—George H. Westley in Boston Globe.

INDIANS AND THE RAINBOW.

The Zunis Think the Heavenly Phenomenon Embodies the Form of a Demon.

Captain Trevitt W. Okey of Los Angeles, Cal., for many years stationed in Arizona and New Mexico with the regular army, told about the myths and superstitions of the Zuni Indians to a group of friends at a Broadway hotel one evening.

"In the Zuni mind," said he, "the rainbow has ever been a deified animal, having the attributes of a human being and also the body and some of the functions of a measuring worm. Obviously the striped back and arched attitude of the measuring worm, its sudden appearance and disappearance among the leaves of the plants which it inhabits, are the analogies upon which this personification is based. As the measuring worm consumes the herbage of the plants and causes them to dry up, so the rainbow, which appears only after the rain, is supposed by the simple minded Indian to cause a cessation of rain, and consequently to be the originator of droughts, under the influence of which plants wither away, as they do under the ravages of the measuring worms.

"It will be seen that the visible phenomenon called the rainbow gets by analogy the personality of the measuring worm, while from the worm in turn the rainbow gets its function as a god. Of this the cessation of the rain on the appearance of the rainbow is adduced as proof. The fading of the flowers is attributed to the rainbow, which, consuming their imperceptible existences, thus derives his brilliant coloring, just as it is believed that the measuring worm gets his green, yellow and red stripes from the leaves and flowers which it devours.

"The influence of this union upon the Zuni mind is to place the rainbow among the malignant gods. It is frequently painted on war shields and made a demon to be propitiated, yet shunned. When a rainbow appears in the sky, the Zuni Indians and those of many other tribes turn their backs upon the beautiful sight and covertly imprecate the unfriendly spirit."—New York World.

"THE BRACELET."

It Was Beautiful Until It Became a Reminder of His Doubt.

"Here," he said, "is a bracelet. Wear it always, that like our love it may prove endless and unbroken in its circle." And from a silken case, in which the name of the goldsmith glistened, he drew the pledge of their new affections. She stood before him, radiantly palpitating, as it seemed to him in the ecstasy of his attention—perhaps with the pleasure of so rare a trinket. The diamonds lost their luster in the rapture which her flashing eyes conveyed. Holding her hand, he was adjusting the gift to the flexible wrist into which tapered her well rounded arm—its skin seemed whiter now, as if expressive of so much purity about to receive the binding earnest of his words.

"But," he said, hesitating suddenly, "I must tell you, and yet why should I? This bracelet, by the touch of some mysterious magic—so the jeweler tells me, and yet I can hardly believe it—shrinks about the wrist of her who proves untrue, and its wearer loses forever the use of her hand, which then hangs limp and lifeless, in token of her perfidy."

"Surely," she answered, "you cannot wish to put me to such a test as this who need none. I should wear it were it not to me but an eternal reminder of your doubt, each diamond but an eye to watch—and it is much too gaudy. A plain ring will do for me."—Philadelphia Press.

Verified.

The flying machine, loaded with dynamite, cordite and nitroglycerin, hovered over the doomed city.

The ex-ball player, now a gunner, sighted long and carefully at the threatening object. He fired, and the ball flew wide.

"It is as the rooters always told me," he sighed. "I can't hit a balloon."—Indianapolis Journal.

THE MODERN SAFE.

AN UP TO DATE FIREPROOF AND BURGLAR PROOF DEPOSITORY.

Skillful Workmanship Displayed In Its Manufacture—Locks With Simple Mechanism That Are Extremely Hard to Open If You Don't Know How.

The latest burglar proof safes and vaults are magnificent specimens of skillful workmanship. Although the doors often weigh tons, they swing as easily on their hinges as a window shutter. After the first great door is thrown back and displays its glittering array of bright locks, its glass incased clocks and its smooth steel bolts there is another door almost as strong, with bolts and locks of its own. When this is open it reveals three other doors. The upper two are of thin steel and have no locks. Only papers and books are to be kept in the little pockets or pigeonholes which they inclose.

Under them and shutting in the cash drawer there is the third door with its own lock and bolts. In this safe the size of the cash repository bears about the same relation to the size of the whole safe as a pumpkin seed does to the pumpkin. And it is not only burglar proof but fireproof—warranted, in fact, to stand for at least 75 hours the greatest amount of heat that any burning building could give it.

The making of a safe of this kind is a complicated and expensive operation. All the steel used comes in the form of plates from the works. After having the necessary screw holes bored in them they are heated to a high temperature and then tempered by suddenly immersing them in water. When they come out they are often a little twisted and warped, and have to be rolled cold and sometimes polished clean by a swiftly moving emery wheel. The noise of this operation is ear splitting and so rasping that a man with ordinary nerves can hardly endure it. When the plate is perfectly level it is transferred to another machine, where it is clamped tight, and an emery wheel shaves off the edges.

The plates are now put together, first one of hard steel, then one of wrought iron or soft steel, and so on until the necessary thickness is obtained. From the iron the safe receives its tenacious qualities—it cannot be cracked or broken as easily as steel, and the steel imparts a hardness that defies the burglar's drill. The screws are also made of combined steel and iron. Each of them is only long enough to reach through two plates, and the screws which join the third, fourth and fifth plates to the first are never directly under any other screws, so that there is no chance for a burglar to bore down through a row of screws. The plates are also drawn very close together, for if any space was left between them a safe blower might succeed in getting his dynamite into it.

Between the interior and exterior walls of the safe a large amount of hydraulic cement, combined with other ingredients, usually according to a secret recipe, is packed solidly. In case of fire the theory is that the water in the cement—about 43 per cent—will, owing to the heat of the outside covering, become steam, partially, at least, and be driven close to the inner wall. Here it will remain and furnish a blanket impervious to heat. All the bolts are cylindrical and from an inch up to two inches in diameter.

Combination locks are now used exclusively. The mechanism of most of them is extremely simple. In one lock there are a number of round brass disks or "tumblers," each pivoted at the center on a small shaft which runs through the safe door and connects with the lock knob. Each tumbler has a slit in it just the size of the steel arm which controls the bolts and reaching nearly back to the center. When all these slits are together and pointing in exactly the same direction the arm slips into them and the bolts can be thrown. But if the slit in a single one of the tumblers is even a thousandth of an inch out of line the arm will not slip back. The disks are set a short distance apart and small screws with big heads are fastened at random over them. As these strike together in turning the tumblers whirl, and a man might turn the lock knob a thousand years without once getting the slits in all the tumblers together. But the man who knows just how far to turn one way and then how far back again according to the combination numbers has no trouble at all.

The combination and numbers are easily changed by changing the screws in the disk. Many of the best safes and vaults are now being provided with time locks. Two and sometimes three clocks are inclosed in glass cases just inside of the safe door. When the door is locked, no one can open it again until the clock hands have traveled the set distance around the dial and touched a little trigger which releases the bolts. More than one clock is used, so that if one runs down the others will go on and perform their duty. In the big banks the vaults are closed about 5 o'clock in the evening and set to open a little before 9 o'clock in the morning. It is a general impression that an expert burglar can open a combination lock by listening to the clicking sounds, but dealers say it is not possible for any one to do it. If a safe owner forgets his combination, the safe has to be bored into. There is no other way of opening it.—Chicago Record.

The Next Best Thing.

The robber presented his glittering pistol.

"Have you a vacancy in your bookkeeping staff?" he demanded.

The president of the bank shook his head.

"Well," the outlaw sighed—he was palpably chagrined—"I'll have to be contented, then, with what cash you have on hand."

Stealing $17,413.18, he left the place.—Detroit Tribune.

Courage.

The greater part of the courage that is needed in the world is not of a heroic kind. Courage may be displayed in everyday life as well as in historic fields of action. There needs, for example, the common courage to be honest, the courage to resist temptation, the courage to speak the truth, the courage to be what we really are and not to pretend to be what we are not, the courage to live honestly within our own means and not dishonestly upon the means of others.—Smiles.

Sweet and Lovely.

The woman who would fain be considered sweet and lovely will find the easiest way to attain that result is to think other people sweet and lovely. The mind which seems incapable of suspecting others of guile is always considered particularly innocent itself.

What We Inherit.

We are not to blame for. We cannot be held responsible for the dispositions and tendencies which we derive from our ancestors, nor are we responsible for the germs of disease which may manifest themselves in our blood as a heritage from former generations. But we are responsible if we allow these germs to develop into serious diseases which will impair our usefulness and destroy our happiness. We are responsible if we transmit to our descendants the disease germs which it is possible for us to eradicate by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier. This medicine has power to make rich, red blood and establish perfect health in place of disease.

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BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO COMPANY.

If you have any difficulty in procuring your soap, cut out this notice and send it with your order to your wholesale dealer.

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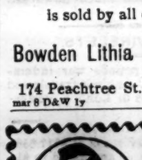

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The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Cure" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1873, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Cure." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. "Baco-Cure" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

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Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBURY, Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

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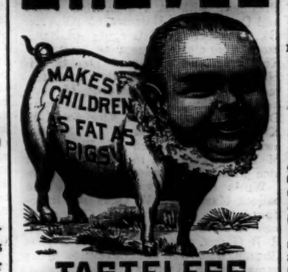
GROVES



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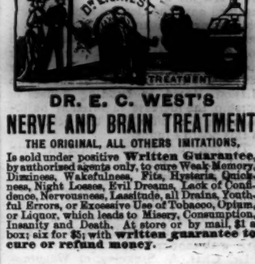

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W., M. & M. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
8		7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
3 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv.. Maysville, ...Lv	9 60
4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55
5 3	Ar.. Newbern Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 3 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTERIE, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

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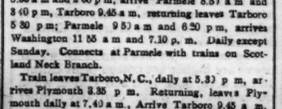


SCHEDULE IN EFFECT April 26, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.57 p m, Rocky Mount 1.36 p m, Tarboro 2.36 p m, Weldon 3.33 p m, Petersburg 5.20 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 3.30 p m, Warsaw 5.43 p m, Goldsboro 6.36 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.33 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.30 p m,, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 5.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 8.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 3.56 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 6.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.56 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.37 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m No. 84—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.40 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m,, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3.40 p m, Tarboro 9.45 a m, returning leave Tarboro 5.30 p m; Parmele 9.35 a m and 6.20 p m, arrives Washington 11.55 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 8.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 7.50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.35 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 9 a m, Nashville 9.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train or Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 3.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.45 a m, arrive Latta 9.54 a m, Dillon 9.36 a m, Rowland 9.58 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.36 p m, Latta 6.47 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.15 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 3.55 p m, arrive Hub 5.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Wadesboro daily at 9.50 a m, Cheraw 6.45 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Returning leave Florence 7.45 p m, Darlington 8.17 p m, Cheraw 9.22 p m, arrive Wadesboro 10.15 p m Trains leave Gibson daily except Sunday, 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Returning, leave Darlington 8.15 p m, Bennettsville 9.09 p m, arrive Gibson 9.35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7.12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1896

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Declined—Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Chinchbugs were less active, at least as a bull factor, in wheat to-day. Whilst the opening was firm and the sentiment for a few moments such as might favor a continuaton of yesterday's boom in prices, yet before the day was over the pulse of the market became less feverish and values lost much of what was gained yesterday. July wheat opened from 64¼@64½c, declined to 63½c, closing at 63¾c—⅜c under yesterday.

Corn, finding no help in the wheat market, was, perforce, obliged to decline. Outside news was scarce and outside business scarcer. July corn opened at 30⅜c, sold between 30⅜c and 29⅝c, closing at 29⅜c—⅛@⅝c under yesterday. Cash corn was fairly steady at a decline of ¼c per bushel.

Oats lost a portion of yesterday's engagement through weakness derived from the other markets. July oats closed ⅝c under yesterday. Cash oats were ¼c lower, closing easy.

Provisions—No encouragement was to be obtained from the hog market to-day. A decline of 5@10c was reported at the yards and in the face of that intelligence the product made no attempt to advance. The influence of wheat and other grains was likewise of a derogatory character. At the close July pork was 17½c under yesterday, July lard 5@7½c lower and July ribs 7½c lower.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

Net Receipts at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The following are the total net receipts at the ports: Galveston, 913,460 bales; New Orleans, 1,691,647; Mobile, 303,871; Savannah, 732,800; Charleston, 275,500; Wilmington, 169,398; Norfolk, 329,893; Baltimore, 40,794; New York, 95,434; Boston, 149,733; Newport News, 14,731; Philadelphia, 40,913; West Point, 141,943; Brunswick, 74,350; Port Royal, 73,672; Pensacola, 16,488; Texas City, 54,019. Total, 5,004,069 bales.

The *Sun* says: Cotton declined two to five points, recovered the loss, then reacted and closed three to six points lower, with the tone easy. The sales were 208,600 bales.

To-day's features: The Liverpool news was disappointing again to-day, and prices here weakened in sympathy. There was some long liquidation induced by the decline in Liverpool, and the receipts at the ports and interior towns were liberal. The loss was subsequently recovered, but later prices weakened again. The prominent bull gave the market little if any support. The decline, however, was not great, and some contend that it was only a natural reaction after the sharp advance of late. One sustaining influence was the expected decrease in the interior stocks of about 29,000 bales. Some believe that this large decrease is due to buying by spinners, as exporters have not been unusually active buyers this week. The crop advices continue favorable. The spot markets were less active and in some cases easier in tone. Some May notices were circulated to-day.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Roanoke—Petersburg 10, Roanoke 5.
Mobile—Mobile 12, Columbus 4.
Birmingham—Birmingham 3, Atlanta 10.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg 16, Washington 5.
Louisville—Louisville 0, Boston 7.
Cincinnati—Cincinnati 9, Baltimore 5.
Cleveland—Cleveland 11, Brooklyn 3.
St. Louis—St. Louis 2, New York 5.
Chicago—Chicago 5, Philadelphia 8.
Richmond—Richmond 2, Portsmouth 3.
Norfolk—Norfolk 9, Lynchburg 1.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1896	1895
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	36,814	41,369
Total receipts to this date.....	5,004,069	7,723,302
Exports for the week	49,285	55,834
Total exports to this date.....	4,135,970	6,169,806
Stock in all United States ports.....	397,785	625,137
Stock at all interior towns.....	73,547	48,947
American afloat for Stock in Liverpool,..	1,112,000	1,680,000
Great Britain.....	95,000	110,000

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

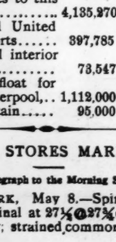
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Spirits turpentine nominal at 27½@27¾c. Rosin dull and easy; strained common to good $1 90@1 95.

CHARLESTON, May 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½; sales — casks. Rosin—the market was firm; sales — barrels; quote: A $1 40, B $1 40, C $1 40, D $1 55, E $1 55, F $1 55, G $1 55, H $1 55, I $1 60, K $1 70, M $1 80, N $1 90, W G $2 05, W W $2 10.

SAVANNAH, May 8—Spirits turpentine opened firm at 24¾c; sales 930 casks; closed at 24¾c, with further sales of 400 casks; receipts 1,895 casks; receipts since April 1st 41,464 casks; exports 37,130 casks; stock 9,653. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 3,000 barrels; receipts 3,968 barrels; receipts since April 1, 86,594 barrels; exports 127,398 barrels; stock 94,344 barrels. The prices were: A, B, C, D, E, F, $1 50, G $1 55, H $1 60, I $1 65, K $1 70, M $1 80, N $1 85, window glass $2 00; water white $2 10.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of artar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co.,
106 Wall Street, N. Y.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

CONSIDERATION OF THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL CONCLUDED.

Bill Introduced in the Senate to Prohibit Issue of Bonds Without Authority of Congress—The House Votes to Provide Members With Clerks the Year Round the Same as the Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star:

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Among the dozen or more bills which were passed by the Senate to-day, because they were unobjected to, was one permitting the erection in Washington of a monument in honor of Samuel Hahnemann, the founder of the medical school of homœopathy, and appropriating $4,000 to defray the cost of the foundation. The only restriction imposed in the bill is that the monument is not to be placed in the Capitol grounds.

A bill to prohibit the issue of United States bonds without authority of Congress was introduced by Mr. Bacon of Georgia, Democrat, and laid on the table for the present—Mr. Bacon stating that he desired hereafter to address the Senate upon it.

The consideration of the River and Harbor bill was concluded, with the exception of one amendment involving the bitterly contested question of the location of a deep water harbor in Southern California. Senator White of California, addressed the Senate in opposition to the committee amendment, and had not finished his argument when the Senate at 5.15 o'clock adjourned till to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

After several hours discussion and as many unsuccessful attempts, members of the House to-day voted 130 to 108 to place themselves on an equality with the Senate in respect of the matter of providing themselves with clerks the year round, instead of for the sessions of Congress only. It was not until 1893 that the House went even so far as that. To-day's action was preceded by an animated debate of an hour or more, in which a dozen members took part. The principal opposition to the resolution, introduced by Mr. Hartman of Montana, Republican, and reported by the Committee on Accounts, without recommendation, was upon the ground that the Treasury was not in condition to meet the increased expense, but two or three members suggested that the services of clerks were not needed. The resolution was mainly advocated by Messrs. Hartman and Henderson of Iowa, Republican. Before being passed the resolution was amended so as to exclude Representatives who are chairmen of committees having annual clerks.

Among the bills passed during the session were the following: To quit titles of land in Aredondo Grant, Columbia county, Florida, and twenty-four private pension bills.

At 4.30 o'clock the House took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills. At the close of that session the House adjourned until Monday.

BUSINESS SITUATION.

Bradstreet's Report of the State of Trade is Not Very Encouraging.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Bradstreet's says: Relatively unfavorable features of the general business situation this week include unseasonably cool weather, which at some centers has checked trade. In Texas, further improvement in the cotton crop outlook has stimulated jobbers to send out travellers to anticipate demand, and the region of which Chattanooga is the commercial center is enjoying the results of an extension of the truck-gardening industry. Savannah's rosin and turpentine receipts and shipments are quite active. The outlook for wheat in Eastern Georgia is bright and the like is true in Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa.

The more important staples for which prices are higher are cotton print cloths, Indian corn, oats, lard and coffee, while quotations for pork, coal and lumber are practically unchanged. A sale of wool is reported at Boston at "lowest prices on record," from which it may be inferred that the bottom has been reached. Wheat flour, wheat, sugar, petroleum, Bessemer pig and foundry irons have likewise been shaded in prices.

The aggregate for the week is $113,500,000, or 15 per cent. more than last week in bank clearings, but only 7-10ths of 1 per cent. larger than in the first week of May, 1895, although 25 per cent. larger than in the corresponding week of 1894. As compared with the like period in 1893, the week's total clearings show a decrease of 17 per cent., and as contrasted with 1892 a decrease of 7.8 per cent.

There are 367 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, as compared with 254 last week, 294 in the week one year ago, 198 in the first week of May, 1894, and as compared with 210 in the corresponding week of 1893.

NEWS OF THE NAVY.

Movements of U. S. Warships Reported to the Navy Department.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Rear Admiral McNair telegraphed the Navy Department to-day that the Olympia, Detroit and Machias sailed from Woosung for Chefoo, China. These vessels with the Yorktown have composed a squadron of evolution and have spent some time engaged in manœuvers along the Chinese coast. It is believed at the Department that the evolutions have been concluded, as the dispatch from Admiral McNair also said that the Yorktown had sailed from Woosung for Chemulpo, Corea.

Secretary Herbert has under consideration a report from the Naval Board of Construction concerning the rehabilitation of the cruiser Atlanta. The plan of the Board provides for new boilers and machinery that will give the vessel a speed of 16 knots and a horse-power of 4,000 and the substitution of twin for the present single screw. Her speed as developed on the official trial was 15 knots and the horse-power 3,800. If the plan is carried out the travelling range of the Atlanta will be increased about 2,000 miles, gained through additional coal carrying capacity. No change in the batteries of the vessel is contemplated.

CHAMPION SHOT.

The Clay-pigeon Tournament at Guttenberg, N. J.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GUTTENBERG, N. J., May 8.—Fred. Gilbert, of Spirit Lake, Iowa, won the title of "Champion Target Shot of America," at the initial clay pigeon championship tournament which was concluded here this afternoon.

Gilbert broke 296 out of a possible 300 "flying" targets, defeating E. D. Fulford, of Utica, N. Y., and J. A. R. Elliott, of Kansas City, who tied for second place with 261 breaks each. Roll O. Heikes, of Dayton, Ohio, finished fourth with a total of 258 broken.

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company.

SOUTHERN BAPTISTS.

THE CONVENTION IN SESSION AT CHATTANOOGA.

Over Three Thousand Delegates and Visitors in Attendance—Meeting of Auxiliary Bodies—Trustees of the Theological Seminary—The Editorial Association.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., May 8.—This city is in the hands of over 8,000 visiting Baptists, present as delegates and spectators at the sessions of the Southern Baptist Convention. Chattanooga feels the mighty impulse that a great religious gathering imparts to a community and for the nonce the city is theirs. Hotels and hotel corridors are thronged with visitors, while 1,000 and odd delegates are being entertained gratis in the hospitable homes of citizens. The convention's officers are all quartered at the Southern Hotel, which is the centre of interest.

The last of the auxiliary bodies that follow the lead of the big body finished its sessions to-day.

At a largely attended meeting of the trustees of the Baptist Theological Seminary, located at Louisville, Joshua Levering, a millionaire coffee dealer of Baltimore and president of the board, made the seminary a gift of $10,000 for a gymnasium to be erected at once.

Dr. J. B. Cranfield, the Vice Presidential candidate on the Prohibition ticket in 1892, presided over the session of the Baptist Editorial Association, at which a number of learned and interesting papers were presented. The most trenchant discussion of any topic was upon a paper on "Baptist Academies," by F. W. Boatwright, the young president of Richmond College.

Representatives from the Department of the Green, the Southern wing of the International Union, were present, but being visitors took no part in the proceedings. The old corps of officers was re-elected by the Union, to wit: L. O. Dawson, Tuscaloosa, Ala., president; W. W. Gaines, Atlanta, secretary; P. H. Moll, Auburn, Ala., first vice president, C. L. Laws, Baltimore, second vice president.

Mr. Laws resigned, however, giving as a reason that his State, Maryland, did not sympathize with the Southern Union movement, but would stay under the banner of the International Society.

Birmingham was selected as headquarters for the society and a board of seven local managers was appointed. J. W. Bailey, chairman of the committee to select a special board of managers to co-operate with the local board, reported in favor of one member from each State in the convention, and a general board of seven named from Alabama.

The Southern Baptist Conference, the great centre of interest, met at 10 o'clock this morning in the First Baptist Church. Amid an impressive silence, President Jonathan Haralson, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Alabama, opened the session.

Dr. S. H. Ford, of St. Louis, moved the divine blessing on the work of the body.

The roll call showed 767 accredited delegates present, out of a possible 1,423 entitled to seats. Judge Jonathan Haralson, of Alabama, was re-elected President without a dissenting voice, and Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Augusta, Ga., and Rev. O. F. Gregory, of Baltimore, were elected again as secretaries. The president appointed Dr. H. H. Harris, of Louisville, and the two secretaries as a committee on order of business. Ex Gov. J. P. Eagle, of Arkansas; Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Virginia; J. H. Kilpatrick, of Georgia; Dr. T. S. Dunaway, of Virginia, and W. W. Dodge, of Texas, were put in nomination for vice presidents, of whom there are four.

While the tellers were taking the ballots, Mayor Geo. W. Ochs was introduced and delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the city. Dr. R. B. Garret, pastor of the First Baptist Church, welcomed the convention in the name of the Baptists of Chattanooga. An eloquent response to the words of welcome was made by Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Virginia.

An adjournment was then taken to 2 o'clock.

On the opening of the afternoon session the announcement of the ballot showed that the following were elected vice presidents of the body: Joshua Levering, of Baltimore, Md; Prof. H. F. Kee, of Louisville, Ky.; Dr. A. H. Fort, of St. Louis, Mo., and ex-Gov. W. J. Northen, of Georgia.

The reports of the several boards were submitted in turn.

Treasurer John C. Williams, of the Foreign Missions Board, located in Richmond, reported a deficit at the close of the fiscal year ending May 1st, 1896, of $36,093; the receipts for the year were $103,056, and the expenditures $105,118. The past year had been a very hard one for all missions. The board has a serious financial problem to meet, which means for the present a standing still in the financial work.

The report of the Home Mission Board also shows a deficit of about $8,000. Mission work in Cuba will not be resumed until the close of the rebellion, while many members of the convention feel that the Baptist missions have small hopes of success on the island under Spanish rule for years to come. Over $85,000 has been expended by the Home Mission Board in building houses of worship, the increase in mission building more than offsetting the deficiency in this board's funds.

The fraternal delegates present were asked to address the convention and several responded.

The report of the Sunday School Board was submitted by Secretary J. M. Frost, of Nashville, and showed a flourishing condition of that arm of the service, with money in the treasury.

Dr. Chas. A. Stokeley, of Washington City, delivered the opening address to-night before a magnificent audience, taking as his theme "The Theology of the Saviour." An overflow meeting of almost equal size was held in the lecture room of the church and was addressed by Rev. Geo. B. Eager, of Montgomery.

The next session of the body will in all probability go to Wilmington, N. C. Little Rock, Ark., is also working for the convention, but the sentiment is strongly in favor of meeting in the East.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

A Question That Bobbed Up in the South Carolina Diocesan Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 8.—The woman suffrage question bobbed up in the Diocesan Convention, which has been in session here this week, very unexpectedly to-day. It came up on a motion offered by Judge Haskell to strike out the word "male" in the canon providing for the election of vestrymen, wardens, etc., in the parishes. The debate on the subject lasted for several hours and was participated in by a large number of delegates, both lay and clerical. As a general thing the clergy favored the proposed motion, while the laymen fought it hard. It was finally determined to allow the motion to go over to the convention next year undecided.

IMPOVERISHED BLOOD causes that tired feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood, giving new life and increased vigor and vitality.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness, headache.

THE NEWS FROM CUBA.

TRIAL OF THE MEN CAPTURED ON THE COMPETITOR.

Findings of the Court-Martial to be Submitted to the Government at Madrid—Spanish Reports of Engagements with Insurgent Forces.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 8.—At 8 o'clock this morning a court-martial opened at the arsenal here for the trial of the men who were captured by a Spanish warship on the alleged filibustering schooner Competitor, belonging to Key West. The prisoners were Alfredo Lsborde, born in New Orleans; Owen Milton, of Kansas; William Kinlea, an Englishman, and Elias Bedia and Tehordore Masa, both Cubans. Capt. Ruiz acted as president of the court, which consisted of nine other military and naval officers. All the accused pleaded not guilty.

Several witnesses admitted that when the men captured they were not armed and offered no resistance. Despite this fact, however, the prosecutor, Lieut. Suarez, asked the court-martial to convict the prisoners of filibustering and to impose the death sentence upon all of them.

Counsel for the defence made a review of the evidence and demanded the acquittal of Maza. He argued eloquently against the others being sentenced to death and declared that the evidence showed that mercy should be extended to them.

The court-martial has as yet rendered no judgment. It is said that its findings will be submitted for approval to the Government at Madrid. During the course of the proceedings a letter was read from the American Consul General, Ramon O. Williams, protesting against the trial. Mr. Williams abstained from attending the court-martial.

Gen. Linares reports that his command has succeeded in dislodging the forces of Jose Maceo in the intrenched camp occupied by them in the province of Santiago de Cuba. In the fighting that took place before the rebels retreated, seventeen of the insurgents were killed. The troops, according to the report, lost only two killed and seven wounded.

Another official report issued to-day stated that the combined forces of Generals Altimara and Inclan have driven the rebels under Antonio Maceo into a different position in the hills at Guaramaya, near Bahia Honda, province of Pinar del Rio. The report makes no mention of any rebel loss, but states that the Spaniards have seven killed and twenty-five wounded. Among the latter are one captain and two lieutenants. The rebel bands of Regino and Alfonzo have burned about sixty houses in the town of Laguinallis, province of Matanzas.

TRAIN WRECKERS

Convicted and Sentenced to Long Terms of Imprisonment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROME, NEW YORK, May 8.—At 1.30 o'clock this morning the jury in the case of John Watson Hildreth, one of the boys who wrecked a New York Central express train, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. In reaching this conclusion four ballots were taken.

Court took a recess until 9 a. m. today, when Judge McLennan sentenced Hildreth to Auburn prison for life. In passing sentence the judge said he thought the jury had dealt very leniently by Hildreth; they might have convicted him of the highest crime known to the law. He said Hildreth's crime was a terrible one under our civilization, almost as bad as poisoning the streams that came from the hillsides. Hildreth stood up and received his sentence without flinching, but after he sat down by the side of his father his eyes filled with tears and his lips trembled perceptibly.

As soon as Hildreth had been sentenced he was taken back to jail and in a few minutes thereafter Theodore Hibbard and Herbert Plato, the other indicted train wreckers, were brought into court. By advice of their counsel, Mr. Sayles, they withdrew their former pleas of not guilty to murder in the first degree on each of the two indictments against them in causing the death of Engineer Hager and Robert Bond. Mr. Sayles asked for clemency for the boys. Judge McLennan then sentenced the prisoners to forty years each in the Auburn State prison—twenty years on each indictment. The prisoners were very pale and seemed much downcast, but shed no tears.

WARM WIRELETS.

The sum of 8,000 pounds war indemnity from China to Japan was transferred to the latter's agents in London yesterday.

The Treasury gold reserve, at the close of business yesterday, stood at $117,656,814. The withdrawals amounted to $1,544,400.

The Citizens' Bank of Union City, Ind., has closed its doors because of an inability to collect. The liabilities are $75,000 and the assets $138,000.

The President has further amended the Civil Service rules by an order bringing into the classified service the Inter-State Commerce Commission, which embraces about one hundred and forty persons.

Irving Ford, the negro arrested at Harper's Ferry, has confessed to the murder of Elsie Kreglo, Monday, near Zoological Park, Washington, D. C., but denies that he attempted criminal assault. He says she threw stones at him and he attacked her; that she fought him and he cut her throat with a pocket-knife.

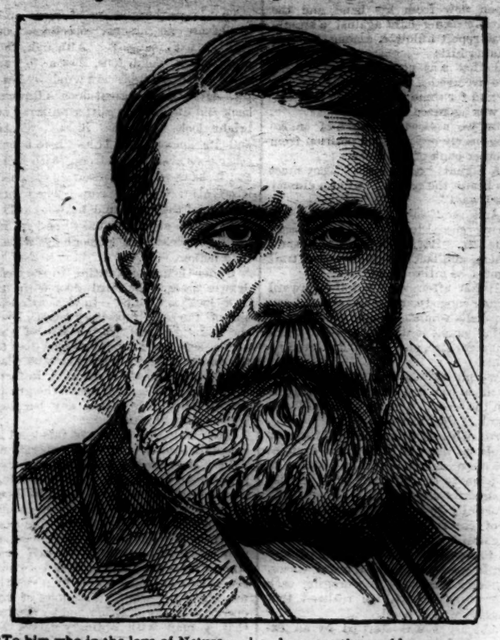
Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

UNITED STATES SUPT.

Family of Hon. William B. Smith Made Well by Paine's Celery Compound.



"To him who in the love of Nature
Holds communion with her visible forms,
She speaks a various language."

No one has a deeper insight into nature's ways than the superintendent of the extensive botanic gardens of the United States at Washington.

No one knows so well as he what precious opportunities come with the Spring.

Supt. Smith, like most scientific persons, firmly believes that every one would be benefited by taking a spring remedy while the blood is readiest to be purified and invigorated.

Paine's celery compound is the only genuine spring remedy worthy of that name, in the opinion of Supt. Smith. He writes:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 4, 1896.

Gentlemen—The female members of my household are more than delighted with Paine's celery compound. I learn from other friends that its popularity is steadily growing. It aids digestion, and in view of the prevalence of dyspepsia, it is one of the benefactions of the age.

Very respectfully,
Wm. R. Smith,
Supt. U. S. Botanic Garden.

Paine's celery compound is as far removed as the poles from the many trival, unscientific preparations that call themselves spring remedies. It has earned the complete confidence of men and women the world over.

It is exclusively employed in familes where nothing short of the best of everything pertaining to health will do.

It has lived up to the most sanguine expectations of physicians who naturally look for extraordinary results from the discovery of so eminent a physician as Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth medical school.

That Paine's celery compound does cure positively and permanently all diseases arising from impure blood or decline in the vigor of the nerves is cheerfully attested by thousands of earnest men and women.

Weakness, depression, irritability, pain and languor tell that the nervous matter in the brain, nerves and spinal cord is not getting sufficient nourishment.

To quickly furnish a fresh and abundant supply of nutriment for every tissue of the body is the purpose for which Paine's celery compound was first prepared. This rapid production of fresh nervous energy and pure blood was the aim of Prof. Edward E. Phelps' long study of the causes of nervous exhaustion.

The result of his life work was Paine's celery compound—this remarkable remedy that permanently cures diseases of the liver, kidneys and stomach. It is the greatest nerve regulator and blood purifier of this century.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 50 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

I have three nice Milch Cows for sale, at Orrell's Stables. J. J. Barden. my 9 2t*

For Rent—The Summer House at Wrightsville N. C., formerly owned by Hansen M. Bowden. Nine elegant rooms, also commodious Dining Room, convenient Kitchen, servants' quarters, 500-gallon Cistern, Stables, &c. Apply to L. A. Blue or S. P. McNair. ma 7 3t th su su

Wanted—To buy building lot for about $600 to $900 W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. my 8 2t

Wanted—To buy a residence for about $2,000, W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. my 8 2t

Wanted—A good investment near centre of city for $1,000. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. my 8 2t

If you have property to sell, or if you wish to buy, call on W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. my 8 2t

Good opportunity to rent the elegant Store 416 North Front street, including basement, heretofore used as Restaurant by Gieschen Bros. my 1 tf

Just received one car Jamaica Bananas, 10 barrels Russett and 40 crates Western, N. C., Apples; 25 sacks Irish Potatoes and Onions, Butter Beans, Peas, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, N. C. Hams, Cakes and Crackers, Candies of all kinds, Nuts, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges and Peanuts, in lots to suit at A. S. Winstead's, Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers, 118 North Second street. ap 3 DAW tf

Photographic novelties, Photos with high gloss, Photos with no gloss, Photos $1.00 per dozen and up. Frames cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. mar 26 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c81

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c81

For Sale,

A VERY FINE

Soda Water Fountain.

One Generator,
Six Copper Fountains.

A rare chance to secure a bargain.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market Street,
ap 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Straw Hats

For Men, Women and Children.

Children's every day Hats 10c.
A nice Sunday Hat 25c.
Extra nice quality for 48c.
Men's Straw Hats 10c and upw'ds.
75c fancy Straw, latest styles, 48c.
$2.50 extra fine Hats at $1.50.
Ladies' Sailor Hats—White, Navy and Black 10c.
High Crown Sailors, White and Black, 19c.
Nice line of Trimmed Sailors at 23c and 48c.

Summer Underwear

for Men, Women and Children.
Ladies' and Children's Ribbed Vests 5c.
Ladies' Bleached Vests 10c.
Ladies' Long Sleeves Ribbed Vests 20c.
Men's Gauze Undershirts 18c.
A splendid Balbriggan Undershirt and Drawers 25c, 35c and 48c.
New lot of Scriven's Patent Drawers 89c, sold elsewere at $1.00 and $1.25.
Large assortment of Laundered and Unlaundered Negligee Shirts at 25c and upwards.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.
'Phone 118.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up.
Write for samples. ap 26 tf

"THE OHIO"
CREAM FREEZERS

guaranteed to be the best on the market. Does better and quicker work than any known machine.

Lawn Mowers.

Cheap line, warranted to give satisfaction.

Garden Hose,

both wire-bound and plain.

Water Coolers

just received, attractive, durable and cheap.

Buck Stoves.

Finest goods made.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building,
my 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

At The Unlucky Corner
—THE—
HAMS

we advertised are nearly gone, some to Georgia. Don't get left. Buy one.

Fox River Butter 25 Cents Pound.

Don't buy an inferior article of Butter when you can get this grade for 25 cents.

S. W. SANDERS.
my 8 tf

NOW IS THE TIME

To Make Deposits in the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

All amounts deposited to-day, (Wednesday, April 29th), to-morrow (Thursday, April 30th), and the day after (Friday, May 1st), will begin to bear interest May 1st.

The Savings and Trust Company

Is the largest strictly Savings Bank in North Carolina.

Total Assets $250,000.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. Walters, Vice President
ap 29 tf GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

WE SOLICIT YOUR ORDERS

—FOR—

Engravings, Wedding Invitations, Visiting Cards, Monograms, Dies, Cuts, Etc.

We keep up with the times, and can show you samples of the very latest sryles in this line. We make a specialty of

Fine Stationery,

and keep constantly on hand a complete stock of Crane's, Hurd's and Ward's fine linen Paper and Envelopes in various tints and sizes.

Don't send North for what you can buy for less price at home.

C. W. YATES & CO.
ap 26 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

JOHNSON & FORE.

Call early in the mornings, and avoid the rush in the afternoons. It is our purpose to have every one to receive the best of attention; but very often our Store is so crowded we cannot begin to do ourselves justice. The people have found out where to go for first-class goods. No house in the State carries a nicer line of

Dress Goods, Silks, Wash Goods, White Goods,

LINENS IN WHITE AND NATURAL COLORS,

Hosiery, Ladies' Vests, Shirt Waists, Trimmings, Kid Gloves, Laces,

Embroideries, Table Damasks Napkins, Towels, Ribbons and All Kind of Millinery Goods

than we do. Five hundred Ladies' Parasols and Umbrellas just received, from $1.00 to $12.00 each.

Mail orders promptly filled.

Johnson & Fore,
ap 21 tf **No. 111 Market St.**

THE ONLY CARGO

NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

West Indies,

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm. Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

ap 3 tf

Oxford Ties.

The ties that binds the customers to the seller are the ties of price, the ties of style, the ties of fit. All these are embraced in our handsome line of Black and Tan Oxfords at $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50. For the latest cut in Oxford Ties, and the lowest cut in prices, give us a call.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
ap 26 tf

Hardin's Sarsaparilla,

THE GREAT SPRING TONIC.

Seventy five cents per bottle or three for $2.00. Same size as Hood's. For sale at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY
126 So. Front St.
Phone 55. ap 26 tf

"A Positive Preventive and Cure."

That's what others say. Why not you? Have you tried it? If not, do so at once.

"Corneus" Bed Bug Interceptic"

is a Household Remedy for these pests. Most druggists sell it.

JAMES D. NUTT,
ap 8 tf Manufacturer.

Hamme, The Hatter,

HAS A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF Spring Hats and beautiful line of Straw Goods. Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.

ap 26 tf 26 North Front Street.

THE

Alderman Hardware Co.

Have a full line of White Mountain and Arctic

ICE CREAM FREEZERS

WATER COOLERS,

Refrigerators, Both Pine and Hard Wood

Fly Traps, Window Screens,
Screen Wire Cloth,
Galvanized Poultry Netting and
Galvanized Hardware,

which they are offering at very low figures for cash. All we ask is a trial.

Alderman Hardware Co.,
29 South Front Street,
ap 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call $1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Beans, Beans, Beans.

Large Stock Just Received

EVERY VARIETY SOLD IN THIS SECTION OF

VEGETABLE
—AND—
Farm Seeds

Truckers and Gardners will find it to their interest to buy from

Robt. R. Bellamy & Co.,

DRUGGISTS AND SEEDSMEN,
Wilmington, N. C.
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